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# THE CITIZEN.

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Vol. X

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BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 9, 1908.

The Citizen is Growing Rapidly. Let Your Business Keep Pace With It By Advertising.

One Dollar a year.

No. 2

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

Six Hundred Perish—Cleveland's Will Filed—Killed for Fun—New Star in Flag—Uncle Remus Dead.

**SIX HUNDRED PERISH:**—About six hundred lives were lost on Japanese Islands by some overloaded boats being overturned in a storm. The news of the great disaster was brought to Victoria, B. C. by the Empress of China. Many large, overcrowded boats were overturned and the shrieking passengers struggled with the waters with no chance of resuscitation. Finally a number of fishermen saved thirty and about six hundred were lost. Some of the six hundred were devoured or badly maimed by sharks.

**CLEVELAND'S WILL FILED:**—The will of Ex-President Grover Cleveland has been filed with the Surrogate of Mercer County, New Jersey, and will be probated within ten days.

The amount of the estate could not be learned but it is stated today that it was larger than hitherto supposed and would provide easily for Mr. Cleveland and his children.

Mr. Cleveland drew the will himself and arranged that he be buried in the cemetery where he should go to his wife.

**HELPED YOU FUN:**—The First of July which is celebrated in every country in the world, was observed in Japan with a grand military review of fifty vessels and four thousand men. There was a review of a nation here before—gave the pleasure to San Francisco, and the world. The Japanese did their best, and I am not surprised to see the newspaper at that time. Then all the death from gunpowder powder burns for a score of weeks. The total number killed for the celebration will probably be over a hundred.

**NEW STAR IN FLAG:**—Beginning with July 4 the star which represents Oklahoma was set on the national flag. Until that time the new state was not represented on the Stars and Stripes. The new arrangement of the stars is as follows: Top row eight stars, second, seven; third and fourth, eight each, fifth, seven; and bottom, eight.

**HELPED MAKE STATE:**—There has just died at Delaware, O., James Wilson, who was one of the fifteen who started the movement that made the Western counties of Virginia secede from the state when it seceded from the Union.

**UNCLE REMUS DEAD:**—Joel Chandler Harris, familiarly known as "Uncle Remus," died at his home in Atlanta, Georgia, July 3. He was famous for his stories in negro dialect about animals and colored people, and will long remain one of the favorite authors for little people.

**REVOLUTION IN PARAGUAY:**—A revolutionary uprising in Paraguay which threatened the downfall of the government has practically succeeded. The old regime has been overthrown and a new government has been established. Fierce battles were fought in Asuncion and about 2000 people are reported to have been killed.

Railroad employees stopped work armed themselves and joined in battle. The revolutionists have appointed a president, vice-president and Minister of Interior and War.

Many of the members of the old government have fled among the Foreign Legations. It is believed that peace will follow shortly.

**ANOTHER ROOSEVELT ACCIDENT:**—Kermit Roosevelt was thrown from a horse while at the annual equestrian sports in the Genesee Valley, N. Y. His escape without serious injury is just the Roosevelt luck. President is frequently being tumbled by a horse but never gets hurt.

**228 BODIES RECOVERED:**—An official statement shows that 228 bodies have been recovered from the Rikovsky coal mine at Yusovo, Russia, where a gas explosion occurred several days ago. Nineteen of the injured men are in hospitals. Eight miners escaped.

**ANOTHER LONG CRUISE:**—Monday was the last day in the San Francisco harbor for the Atlantic battleship fleet. The sixteen great fighting machines of Uncle Sam fell in line and when the signal "Make Sail," was given they left the shore for another trip around the world.

**VETERAN EDITOR DIES:**—Murat Halstead one of the leading newspaper editors died at his home in Cincinnati.

## FUN IN DENVER

**Democrats Meet:**—Bryson in Full Control, the Guffey Calls Him a Liar.—Other Political News.

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## HOW DO WE USE OUR LIBERTY?

During the campaign that is opening we will hear a good deal of oratory about this being a free country and so on. It is a free country, and it is a great thing that it is, but more important yet to each of us is the question of how free we are. Freedom does us no good unless we can use it. If a bird has its wings clipped it does not do any good to be turned out of its cage—it cannot use its freedom.

It is useless to tell a man with his legs cut off that he is free to walk—he has his liberty, it is true, but that is only half the question. He cannot use it.

And it is so about our government. We have our liberty, but do we use it? We have the right to choose officials and decide all the important questions of government, but do we do it? Have our brains grown large enough to think out the questions of government, and do we take the trouble to find out the facts so we can decide for ourselves, or do we let someone else decide for us? If we let a friend decide for us, or if we follow a party without knowing whether it is going in the right way or not, or if we sell our vote, either for cash or the hope of office,—if we do any of those things we let someone else use our share of liberty. Some men sell their liberty for a five dollar bill—some give it to a friend they like—some pass it over to a political party and let it decide for them about all governmental questions—none of these men has any real liberty left. He has to obey laws he did not help to make, and be governed by men he did not help to choose. He is not any more useful as a citizen than his horse, which cannot vote at all. He is in a free country but does not use his freedom.

It takes a good deal of work to use freedom. Freedom is worth a great deal to us, and nothing good comes for nothing. We must work if we are to be free—eternal vigilance is only one of the necessities. We must know what is going on, and know about the men that are going to run for office, and about the questions that are to be decided at the election. We must think the questions thru, and talk them over with our friends, and decide for ourselves what is the right way to vote. When we do that we use our freedom.

Fortunately there are a great many free men in this country—and more than a fair share of them in the mountains. And there are getting to be more of them. But still there are not enough to make the government what it ought to be, and most of our troubles come when enough people sell, or foolishly waste or give away their free dog so that some trusts, or the boss that represents the trusts, can nominate and elect men that the people would not choose, who will pass laws that the people do not want. The question is are we all of us using our liberty, or are we letting some one else use it for us?

## POLITICAL NOTES

**Wright Takes up Office. May Carry Virginia. Will Second Nomination. Johnson Defeated.**

**WRIGHT TAKES UP OFFICE:**—Gen. Luke E. Wright of Tennessee, the new Secretary of War, was sworn in July first. The oath was administered by John Randolph, chief of the records division of the War Department. Mr. Wright's experience in military affairs and dealings with our territories make him an experienced secretary right at the start.

**MAY CARRY VIRGINIA:**—Congressman Stump of Virginia, is of the opinion that that state may go for Taft this fall. The question is simply whether the people vote for the man they prefer, or stay with Bryan because he is the "regular" nominee.

**WILL SECOND NOMINATIONS:**—Representative Ollie M. James of First District in Kentucky will make the speech seconding the nomination of W. J. Bryan for president. Mr. James is regarded as one of the best political orators in America. He made himself known in the Congressional Hall the first term he was there.

**JOHNSON DEFEATED:**—Tom Johnson efforts to be re-elected to the Natl in control of the Democratic party in Ohio for years has been defeated in his efforts to be re-elected to the National Committee.

### HOT WEATHER DON'TS.

Don't load the baby with superfluous clothing.

Don't drink alcoholic liquors.

Don't neglect to bathe often.

Don't eat too much.

Don't scold the children.

Don't linger in the sun.

Don't lose your temper.

Don't wear a felt hat.

Don't wear a vest.

Don't worry.

Don't hurry.

I like to see July come when the bell rings for fried chicken, good things from the garden, and best of all, early apples. How good the first apples of the season look and taste! If you are rheumatic, eat apples every day, all summer long. This fruit is better to clear this trouble from the system than the patent medicines. W.

Men are seldom more innocently employed than when they are honestly making money.—Samuel Johnson.

## IN OUR OWN STATE

**Lightning Kills Cattle—Refuses to Make Dying Statement—Caleb Powers to Lecture—Killed with Ball Bat.**

**LIGHTNING KILLS CATTLE:**—Wind and lightning caused much damage in and around Mt. Sterling last Thursday night. Trees and one barn were blown down and cattle were killed by lightning. There was a general storm raging through the central part of the State. The wind blew down a number of trees at Ashland, the home of Henry Clay, and demolished two barns. A number of people were shocked near Mt. Sterling but none hurt.

**REFUSES TO MAKE STATEMENT:**—Will McFarland from near London was shot with a shot gun in the hand of his brother Ben. County Judge Pennington went to get his sworn statement but the dying man refused to make a statement.

The brothers fell out over the division of some property the father had left them and they met on Sunday morning and fought.

Ben McFarland is in jail wounded, and the doctors say he will die too. Both are farmers about eight miles from London.

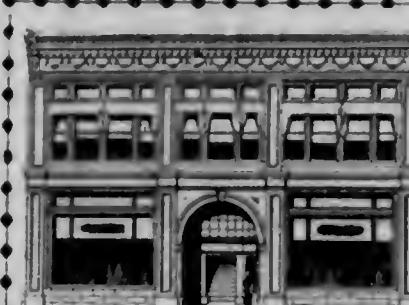
**CALEB POWERS:**—Caleb Powers recently pardoned by Gov. Wilson is with Elbert Hubbard's Roycrofters in Buffalo, N. Y. About two hundred, "Celebrities," from all parts of the country are attending the Philistine Convention. Powers is considered a "Celebrity" of the first rank. He denies that he sought the Roycroft as a retreat, but says he wants to get in touch with the lecture world.

Mr. Powers is working on a lecture of his experience of prison life in Kentucky.

**KILLED WITH BALL BAT:**—While attending a baseball game at Perryville, Boyle County July 4th a difficulty arose between Thomas and Samuel Wheat, brothers, and Rolla Davis. One of the Wheat boys hit Davis on the head with a baseball bat and crushed his skull, he was carried away unconscious and died that night at nine o'clock. The Wheat boys have been placed under arrest.

**A DRUNKEN FIGHT:**—Four men were injured in a drunken fight near Clay City on board the Lexington and Eastern train, July 4. The men were Gardner Nelson, Floyd Horton, Marshall Dennis and C. E. Gammon. Nelson said something about Horton's boy and Horton started toward Nelson with a beer bottle and Nelson drew his gun and shot Horton twice, then Horton's son attacked Nelson with a knife and cut him four times. Dennis, a passenger was shot in the neck, all three are seriously wounded but

(Continued on Page Four)



Berea  
Bank and  
Trust Co.,  
BEREA, KY.

## HELPFUL CONSERVATISM

This may sound conflicting, but in reality it is precisely the fact that this Bank's counsel IS conservative that it is truly helpful.

A conservative liberality in loaning not only gives our depositors their just measure of protection, but is an equal safeguard to the borrower, adding the Bank's caution to his own and doubly insuring the soundness and success of his financial plans.

**CAPITAL \$50,000.00 Surplus \$10,000.00**

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P. Cornelius, A. W. Stewart, J. W. Dinsmore,  
J. J. Moore, J. W. Herndon, E. T. Fish,  
W. H. Porter, Chas. Burdette, I. F. Dean,

**4 PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS 4**

## SLUMP IN WHISKEY

Showing Decrease in Production.

The internal revenue reports on the production of whisky show a slump that is claimed to be unparalleled in the history of the liquor interests of the country. Fifty per cent of the standard whiskies in the country comes from Kentucky, Pennsylvania and Maryland. The Anti-Saloon leagues are joyful over their coming success and are looking forward to the time when there will be a complete revolution in the whisky world. The south is leading in the great temperance movement and it is very interesting to Kentuckians to know that their State which is so deeply interested in whisky is leading the list of the decrease of whisky production. The five months beginning with October 1907 and ending with February, 1908, shows an average decrease of production in Kentucky of 25 per cent. For the same length of time Pennsylvania shows an average decrease of 25 per cent, and Maryland shows a decrease of 12 per cent. The total number of gallons made in Kentucky beginning with October 1907 and ending with February, 1908, shows an average decrease of 10,951,294 gallons. The panic that struck the country last September and October checked the operation of distilleries to some extent but there is no doubt that the temperance wave has led distillers to curtail production. And if the temperance spirit keeps up the wildest desire of the most ardent anti-saloon man will become possible.

### "MY MOTHER'S GRAVE"

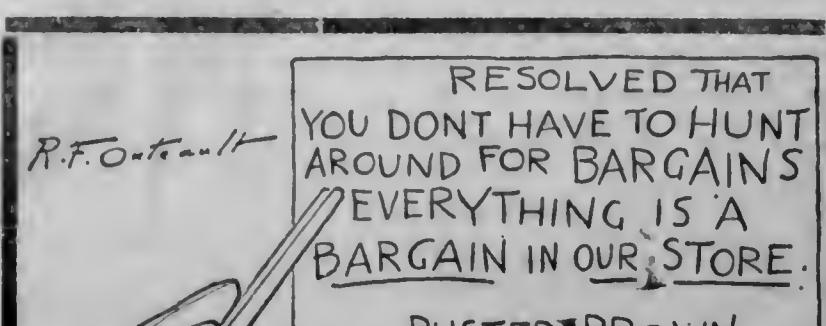
Is the title of a new song arranged for the piano and organ, with words by James W. Leah and music by A. Riccardo of Chicago.

There is a sacred spot of earth,  
Bright scene by heart holds ever dear;  
Where dreams of home as from my birth,  
In visions hover o'er me here.

Chorus.

Bright are visions memory brings,  
O'er the dreary waste of life,  
Brighter yet from hope there springs—  
Joy beyond this world of strife.

Price 50 cents. For sale by The Porter Drug Co. and also by the author at Hyden, Leslie County, Ky.



R.F. Oates 11

**RESOLVED THAT  
YOU DONT HAVE TO HUNT  
AROUND FOR BARGAINS  
EVERYTHING IS A  
BARGAIN IN OUR STORE.**

**BUSTER BROWN**

**HUNTING BARGAINS**

# BOB HAMPTON of PLACER

By RANDALL PARRISH AUTHOR OF  
"WHEN WILDERNESS WAS KING" "THE LADY OF THE NORTH"  
"HISTORIC ILLINOIS" ETC.

Copyright 1900 by RANDALL PARRISH

## SYNOPSIS.

A detachment of the Eighteenth Infantry from Fort Bethune trapped by Indians in a narrow gorge. Among them is a stranger who introduces himself as the Indian Captain, Jim Gillis, the post trader, and his daughter. Gillis and a majority of the soldiers are killed during a three days' siege. Hampton and the girl escape from the Indians. They fall exhausted on the plains. A company of the Seventh cavalry, Lieutenant Brant in command, find them. Hampton and the girl stop at the Occidental Hotel in Glenwood, where the proprietor, Mason, talks the future over with Miss Naida, the Kid. She shows him her mother's picture and tells him what she can of her past life. They decide to stay there until the arrival of Mrs. Herndon's son, Buck, from the East. The Kid runs away from Mrs. Herndon's and rejoins Hampton. He induces her to go back, and to have nothing more to do with him. Hampton plays a game of cards and announces to Red Slavin that he has quit, and then leaves Glenwood. Miss Phoebe Spencer arrives in Glenwood to teach the first acting class. She meets Hampton. She is a typical, energetic, young woman. She boards at Mrs. Herndon's. Naida and Lieutenant Brant again meet without his knowing who she is. She informs him of the coming Bachelor, club ball in honor of which she has invited Miss Spencer. Brant accompanies Naida home from the dance. On the way she informs him as to who she is, and that she is to meet Hampton. Brant and Hampton are in agreement that he is innocent of his intentions toward Naida, and proclaims an authority over her that justifies the statement. Brant tells Hampton of the presence of Agent Murphy, and of the fact that Red Slavin receives government messages for him. Miss Spencer called on Bob Hampton. Tells him of a red-faced stranger impersonating her for Naida. Brant interviews Red Slavin.

## CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

"I suspected as much," Hampton went on, coolly. "Indeed, I should have felt hurt had you been indifferent upon such an occasion. It does credit to your heart, Slavin. Come now, keep your eyes on me! I was about to gratify your curiosity, and, in the first place, I came to inquire solely regarding the state of your health during my absence, and incidentally to ask why you are exhibiting so great an interest in Miss Naida Gillis."

Slavin straightened up, his great hands clinching nervously, drops of perspiration appearing on his red forehead. "I don't understand your damned self."

Hampton's lips smiled unpleasantly. "Slavin, you greatly discourage me. The last time I was here you exhibited so fine a sense of humor that I was really quite proud of you. Yet, truly, I think you do understand this joke. Your memory can scarcely be failing at your age—Make another motion like that and you die right there! You know me, however, as you seem to shy over my first question, I'll honor you with a second—Where's Silent Murphy?"

"You devil!" Slavin roared, "what do you mean?"

With revolver hand resting on the table, the muzzle pointing at the giant's heart, Hampton leaned forward, utterly remorseless now, and keen as an Indian on the trail.

"Do you know who I am?"

The horror in Slavin's eyes bad changed to sullenness, but he nodded affinely.

"How do you know?"

There was no reply, although the thick lips appeared to move.

"Answer me, you red sneak! Do you think I am here to be played with? Answer!"

Slavin gulped down something which seemed threatening to choke him, but he durst not lift a hand to wipe the sweat from his face. "If—if I didn't have this heard on you might guess. I thought you knew me all the time."

Hampton stared at him, still puzzled. "I have certainly seen you somewhere. I thought that from the first. Where was it?"

"I was in D Troop, Seventh cavalry."

"D Troop? Brant's troop?"

The big gambler nodded. "That's how I knew you, Captain," he said, speaking with greater ease, "but I never had no reason to say anything about it round here. You was allers decent 'nough ter me."

"Possibly"—and it was plainly evident from his quiet tone Hampton had steadied from his first surprise—"the boot was on the other leg, and you had some good reason not to say anything."

Slavin did not answer, but he wet his lips with his tongue, his eyes on the window.

"Who is the fellow Murphy?"

"He was corporal in that same troop, sir." The ex-cavalryman dropped insensiblly into his old form of speech. "He knew you too, und we talked it over, and decided to keep still, because it was none of our affair anyhow."

"Where is he now?"

"He left last night with army dispatches for Cheyenne."

Hampton's eyes hardened perceptibly, and his fingers closed more tightly about the butt of his revolver. "You lie, Slavin! The last message did not

reach here until this morning. That fellow is hiding somewhere in this camp, and the two of you have been trying to get at the girl. Now, damn you, what is your little game?"

The big gambler was thinking harder then, perhaps, than he had ever thought in his life before. He knew Hampton would kill him if he needed to do so, but he likewise realized that he was not likely to fire until he had gained the information he was seeking. If he only knew how much information the other possessed it would be easy enough. As he did not, he must wield his weapon blindly.

"I'm makin' a devil of a fuss over little or nothin'," he growled, simulating a tone of disgust. "I ain't never had no quarrel with ye, except in fer the way ye managed to skin me at the table 'bout two years ago. I don't give two screeches in hell for who you are; an' besides, I reckon you ain't the only ex-convict arranging Dakotas either for the matter o' that. No more does Murphy. We ain't no bloomin' detectives, an' we ain't buckin' in no business o' yours; ye kin just het your sweet life on that."

"Where is Murphy, then? I wish to see the fellow."

"I told you he'd gone. Maybe he didn't git away till this mornin', but he's gone now all right. What in thunder do ye want o' him? I reckon I kin tell ye all that Murphy knows." For a breathless moment neither spoke, Hampton gazing blithely to his

## CHAPTER XX. The Cohorts of Judge Lynch.

Hampton staggered blithely to his



tally ignoring these. Hampton thrust himself recklessly through the crowd. Half-way down the broad steps Buck Mason faced him, in shirt sleeves, his head uncovered, an ugly '45' in his uplifted hand. Just as instant the eyes of the two men met, neither doubted the grim purpose of the other. "You've got ter do it, Hub," announced the marshal, shortly, "dead or alive."

"Why?"

"I had to, I tell you. Oh, you devil, you fiend! I'm not the one you're after—it's Murphy!"

For a single moment Hampton stared at the cringing figure. Then suddenly he rose to his feet in decision. "Stand up! Lift up your hands first, you fool. Now unbuckle your gun belt with your left hand—your left, I said! Drop it on the floor."

There was an unusual sound behind, such as a rat might have made, and Hampton glanced aside apprehensively. In that single second Slavin was upon him, grasping his pistol-arm at the wrist, and striving with hairy hand to get a death-grip about his throat. Twice Hampton's left drove straight out into that red, gloating face, and then the giant's crushing weight bore him backward. He fought savagely, silently, his slender figure like steel, but Slavin got his grip at last, and with giant strength began to crumple his victim within his vice-like arms. There was a moment of superhuman strain, their breathing mere sobs of exhaustion. Then Slavin slipped, and Hampton succeeded in wriggling partially free from his death grip. It was scarcely an instant, yet it served; for as he bent aside, swinging his burly opponent with him, someone struck a vicious blow at his back; but the descending knife, missing his mark, sunk instead deep into Slavin's breast.

Hampton saw the flash of a blade, a portion of an arm, and then the clutching fingers of Slavin swept him down. He reached out blindly as he fell, his hand closing about the deserted knife-hilt. The two crashed down together upon the floor, the force of the fall driving the blade home to the gambler's heart.

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# THE ELECTRIC FARM A POSSIBILITY OF THE FUTURE.



Here is a picture of a twentieth century farm house when electricity will have come to its own as a power factor on the farm. It has a cool, clean kitchen, a laundry where all the hard work is done by an electric motor; good lights, with no lamps to fill; and a small vacuum cleaner run by electricity replaces the broom. A cleaner house and better food in half the time. The sewing machine is run by electricity, and the incubator in the cellar is heated at an even temperature in the same way. The tank on the top of the house is filled by an electrically run pump and there is running water in the house. The woman who lives in this house has not the dull, tired look which we see so often now.

This is as Arthur W. Page, who writes of the "Age of Electric Servants," in the *World's Work*, sees it, and he proceeds to explain how the farmer is to procure his electricity to do these things. Down in North and South Carolina a company has been organized which utilizes the water powers of a district to produce electricity.

The extent of the company's service covers more territory than many a state and the company stands prepared to sell power to farmers mills and factories. It charges \$20 per horse-power a year, which is about the same as \$10 of a cent per kilowatt hour, a rate which, if doubled, would still be as cheap as wood, coal or gas.

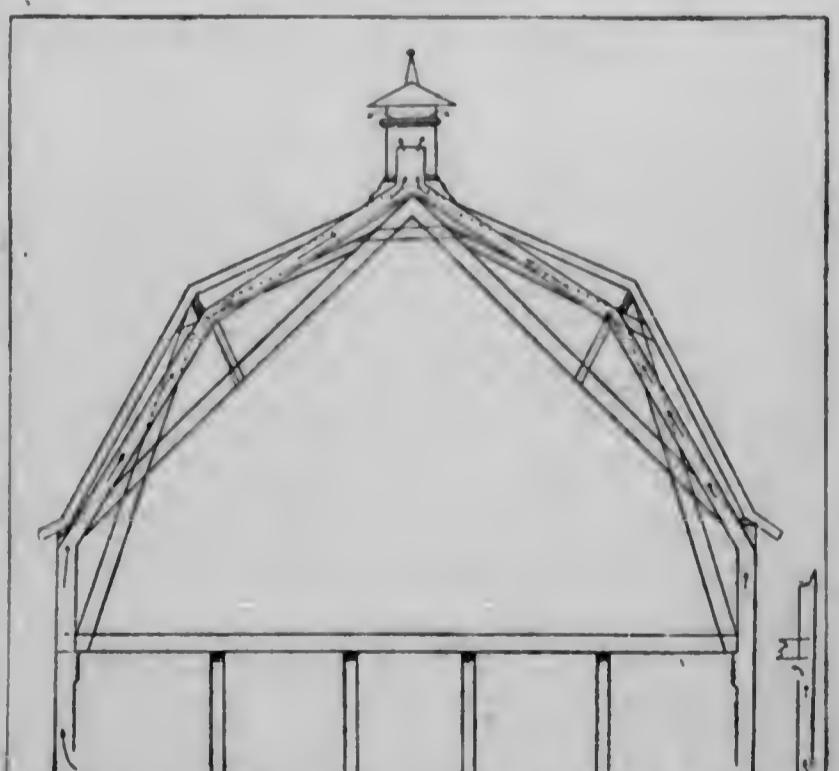
The region operated by this company is not exceptionally well supplied as to water power, and what is being done there may be done in many a part of Canada. There are indeed, few farming regions in this country that are beyond the reach of electricity generated by running water. Even in the arid and semi-arid regions the same water that is used for irrigation could often be made to generate power.

But electricity can be made to help the farmer as well as his wife. It is to make farming more profitable. An electric motor would save farm labor, and labor is now hard to get. It would supply energy to draw water, to run the milking machine, to thresh wheat, and to do a hundred other things. On a farm in Germany, near Berlin, is an

increase grain production.—If the farmers of this country could increase their production of grain only ten per cent they would increase the nation's wealth \$21,000,000. In most sections of the country it is possible to increase the production fully 100 per cent. Are you doing your part to assist in the increase?

## VENTILATE YOUR HORSE BARN

Proper Placing of Intake and Outflow Flues Important.



System of Ventilating Horse Barn.

Ventilation is a matter that should receive attention in preparing plans for stables and barns. The health of animals depends upon the supply of pure air they get when confined indoors. In the above illustration is shown the system adopted in a horse barn erected at the Michigan Agricultural College. For the removal of air there are four flues 12 inches by 21 inches, built of sheet-iron and each occupies the space between the inner and outer walls and two adjacent studs. Each opens to the outside at the bottom and to the inside at the top as shown in the small diagram to the right of the illustration. The openings should be fixed to permit of their being closed partly or wholly on windy days.

feet, looking down on the motionless body. For a moment the room appeared to swim before his eyes, and he clutched at the overturned table for support. Then, as his senses returned, he perceived the figures of a number of men jamming the narrow doorway, and became aware of their loud, excited voices. Back to his numbed brain there came with a rush the whole scene, the desperation of his present situation. He had been found alone with the dead man. Those men, when they came surging in attracted by the noise of strife, had found him lying on Slavin, his hand clutching the knife-hilt. He ran his eyes over their horrified faces, and knew instantly they held him the murderer.

The shock of this discovery steadied him. He realized the meaning, the dread, terrible meaning, for he knew the west, its fierce, implacable spirit of vengeance. Its merciless code of lynch-law. The vigilantes of the mining camps were to him an old story; more than once he had witnessed their work, been cognizant of their power. This was no time to parley or hesitate. He grabbed the loaded revolver lying upon the floor, and swung Slavin's discarded belt across his shoulder.

"Stand aside, gentlemen," he commanded. "Step back, and let me pass!" They obeyed. He swept them with watchful eyes, stepped past and slammed the door behind him. Men were already beginning to pour into the saloon, uncertain yet of the facts, and shouting questions to each other. To

"Never carry a knife, do ye?"

"No."

"Thought not; always heard you fought with a gun. Caught no sight of the fellow after ye got up?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# CONVENTION IS NOW UNDER WAY

## Democrats Begin Work of Nominating Candidates and Formulating the Principles of the Party

Denver, Col., July 7.—Chairman Thomas Taggart of the Democratic national committee formally called the national convention to order almost precisely at noon.

The opening prayer was made by Rt. Rev. James J. Keane, archbishop of Wyoming, and after a short interval Rev. Woods of Kentucky, secretary of the national committee, read the call for the convention.

A period of delay followed during which the delegates exhibited symptoms of impatience, although the spacious auditorium, crowded as it was to the very doors, was delightfully cool, and then the committee on rules made its report and the officers of the convention were announced, as follows:

Temporary chairman—Theodore A. Bell, California.

General secretary—Rev. Woods, Kentucky.

Assistant general secretary—Edwin Sefton, Washington, D. C.

Sergeant-at-arms—John J. Martin, Missouri.

Chief assistant sergeant-at-arms—J. C. Fenn, Indiana.

Chaplain for opening day—Rt. Rev. James J. Keane, archbishop of Wyoming.

Chief doorman—Eugene W. Sullivan, Illinois.

Parliamentarian—H. D. Crutchfield, Kentucky.

Official stenographer—M. W. Hiltzberg, Washington, D. C.

Bell Rouses Enthusiasm.

The eloquent speech of Temporary Chairman Bell was listened to with the deepest attention, but the enthusiasm of the audience found vent in long-continued applause when the

was suspended a portrait, one of Thomas Jefferson and the other of Andrew Jackson. On each side of these pictures a large American flag was draped. These flags are 40 by 60 feet in dimensions. Beyond these pictures, at each end of the wall, and hanging above the gallery, was suspended pendant, ten feet in diameter, upon which bunting was draped. Upon those pendants a tiger was painted. The back of the platform was banked with palms. Twenty stuffed American eagles, with extended wings, were suspended over the platform, each bird carrying in his bill red, white and blue silk ribbons that were draped back to the wall.

**Large Amount of Bunting Used.**

In the auditorium the balcony extends all the way around the huge building, but the galleries are limited to each end. The front of the balcony and the fronts of the galleries and boxes were draped with bunting, 35,000 yards being necessary to complete this part of the decorative scheme. At intervals of five feet shields, three feet high, were placed.

Thousands of yards of bunting were used in draping the corridors of the building and the walls of the balcony and galleries. Delegates were supplied with small American flags to wave when their feelings reached a pitch that compelled an extraordinary demonstration.

Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, three of the main thoroughfares in the city, were revelations in color. On Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets there are eight iron ornamental electric poles to a block, four on each side of the street. On these streets the poles were draped

### IT WILL BE RALPH HEREAFTER. A Youngster's Outspokenness That Taught Grandpa a Lesson.

There is a very well-known man in Brooklyn who is particularly proud of his grandson, a bright boy of four years and a few months. But, like all good grandpas, he believed teaching amusing to the child as well as to himself—and he recently received the shock he deserved. The little lad was playing industriously with a doll when the proud grandpa said:

"My! playing with a doll—why your name must be Susie—not Ralph."

No word from the boy, who kept right on playing with the doll.

"Susie," said the grandpa, just rushing to his fate, "do you like dolls?"

The boy moved perceptibly, but clung to the doll.

"Dear little Susie—you used to be a boy."

The boy lifted his head indignantly and with deep pathos, said: "Grandpa, I hate to tell you so, but you're a d— fool."

Great was the consternation of the grandfather and amazement of the mother, who irascibly ordered the boy to his room, while she called attention to the tears that rolled down her cheeks at such a fearful offense. Finally she told the little fellow that he might be forgiven if he begged his grandpa's pardon. But the boy believed his grandpa the offender and said so. His mother sternly read him lesson against profanity, and especially about disrespect to grandparents. The little fellow was touched, and going over to his grandpa said, compromisingly:

"I am sorry I called you a d— fool—but if I cannot call you a fool can I call you a lemon?"

Heretofore grandpa will call Ralph by his right name.—Brooklyn Eagle.

### Naming the Baby.

The naming of a baby is considered important even among people whom we are apt to regard as uncivilized. And, curiously enough, these very folk continue to avoid the arguments that so often ensue when father and mother disagree over whether the little stranger shall be called Jack or Marmaduke, Priscilla or Jane.

The Mahometan father and mother each write the choice of a name on a slip of paper and place both in the Kuran. Whichever slip is drawn first is the name given to the child.

A pretty Egyptian custom is to light three candles, naming each after a god or some exalted personage. The child is called after the candle which burns longest.

Hindu mothers name their children, paternalists not having a word to say in the matter. The naming ceremony usually takes place when the baby is about 12 days old, and a flower name is usually chosen.

Chinese girls are simply numbered one, two, or three, until they reach years of discretion, when they are allowed to choose a name for themselves. The boys, however, are given a temporary name until they are 20, when pa decides what magnificent appellation they shall rejoice in for the rest of their lives.—N. Y. Weekly.

### Ignorance of the Bible.

Biblical allusions, which permeate our literature, touch no responsive chord in the majority of college students nowadays, writes Prof. W. L. Cross in Education. Though some of them are fairly familiar with names like Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Samson, David and Daniel, very few know anything about the lives of these men as related in the scriptures.

Not long ago, to recall an extreme case, not one of 40 students under my instruction could quote place Judas Iscariot; and a venerable colleague of mine discovered a Jew among the sealors who had never heard of Moses.

To lift the burden of this ignorance, several colleges have recently incorporated parts of the Old Testament into their most elementary courses in English with great success from the standpoint both of the student and of the instructor.

Put a knowledge of the Bible obviously belongs to an earlier stage than this. It is a pity that political and religious considerations stand in the way of introducing into the public schools an available body of splendid literature. Fortunately politics and prejudice cannot hamper many of the large preparatory schools.

### Her Sublime Admiration.

"Oh, dear, will you look at it again?" sighed Mrs. Howard Newcome in an ecstasy of bliss. "Isn't it magnificent?" Turn this way now. A side glance brings out the traditional beauty. I have never seen anything so perfectly exquisite. Dear, do come over here and look at it from this view. One would never believe that such a lovely thing existed in the world. The perspective is simply grand. How inspiring and noble. Here is another view from the right. Doesn't it show off even to better advantage? I am simply entranced with admiration!"

What is Mrs. Newcome looking at?

Some masterpiece in a picture gallery?

No, indeed. It is an old kitchen chair she purchased at a second-hand store, which she thinks is a "genuine antique."—The Bohemian.

### Mechanics.

Mrs. Haymow—Well, dew tell, of this here 'leeric business nin't agin' t' beat th' band.

Si Haymow—Sompin' new in 'th paper?

Mrs. Haymow—Well, I sh'd say: They've hed motor wagons an' motor boats and resoun' they're a-gittin' mo' ter policemen.

Si Haymow—Well, by gum!

### Samuel Warns Saul and His People

Sunday School Lesson for July 19, 1908

Specially Prepared for This Paper

LESSON TEXT.—1 Samuel 12:1-6, 18-26.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"Only fear the Lord, and serve him in truth with all your heart; for consider how great things he has done for you."—1 Sam. 12:24.

TIME.—About B. C. 1064 (Ussher).

PLACE.—Gigal, in the Jordan valley; a little north of east of Jerusalem.

Comment and Suggestive Thought.

The Scene.—It is midsummer with clear skies. We are still present at the great coronation assembly of the leaders of all the tribes, which Samuel had convened after Saul had proved himself a great general and leader of armies by his victory over the invading Ammonites from the northeast.

Gigal was hallowed by many sacred associations, calculated to inspire every patriotic heart. Here was the heap of stones set up to commemorate the miraculous crossing of the Jordan. Here the covenant had been renewed. Here was celebrated the first passover in the Promised Land. Here had been maintained a camp during the early conquest (Josh. 9:6; 10:43). Here the first king had been crowned with impressive ceremonies.

Saul had returned in triumph, "every inch a king." The people were now enthusiastic over the splendid-looking man. Every tongue of opposition was silenced. It was probably the last opportunity Samuel would have of meeting the nation as a whole, flushed with victory, and rejoicing in the king that Samuel chose to his own cost, had presented to them.

The account has almost the form of a dialogue. Read it.

Samuel goes on to say that although the people seemed to fear that God would not continue to save them as of old by judges, and thus showed a lack of faith, yet God had proved, by the victory their new king had achieved, that he would be the same to them under the new regime as under the old.

The One Eternal Condition.—1. Positive. V. 14. "If ye will fear the Lord," etc. Samuel proceeds to name five things the king and nation must do. If they would win God's favor and maintain their own safety: they must (1) fear the Lord; (2) serve him; (3) obey his voice; (4) not rebel against his commandment; (5) continue (persevere) in following the Lord. "Then shall both ye," etc. A better translation continues the condition: "And if both ye and also the king that reigneth over you continue following the Lord your God." The conclusion, perhaps "It shall be well with you," is to be supplied, as in Ex. 32:32. "Samuel piles up one upon another the conditions of their happiness, and then from the depth of his emotion breaks off, leaving the blessed consequences of their obedience unsaid."—Dean Payne Smith.

2. Negative.—V. 15. "But if ye will not obey," etc. In stating the alternative Samuel names only two out of the five conditions just laid down; but these are the most important. Indeed, the one word, obedience, would include them all. "Then shall the hand of the Lord be against you," not from hatred, but of necessity. Just as a thumb is against an oarsman that pulls up it.

Samuel was to be no longer chief ruler of the nation, but was to continue his moral and religious work for many years, as the chief religious factor in the development of the nation.

"Hence, he gives his farewell message from his political vantage ground.

1. Fear Not.—Itest assured of the forgiveness of your sins.

2. Serve the Lord with all your heart, turning not aside to any idol anything that pretends to help you. For all things outside of, or contrary to, the service of God are "vain things," v. 21, mere "nothingness," "emptiness," "ubbles" that burst with a touch.

3. Trust God, "for the Lord will not forsake his people" (v. 22). You can trust him to the uttermost.

4. Realize your destiny, your purpose and work in the world, to which God has set you apart. This is one of the great sources of strength, when we realize that we are doing what God made us for.

5. Serve God because you shall have the continued help of the prophet.

Samuel would pray for them without ceasing. And they had just seen how the prayer of the righteous availleth much.

(h) He would continue to teach them the good and right way. Instruction and devotion, teaching and prayer are the need of all men.

6. Feel the force of the great motivations which will be a perpetual inspiration.

(a) Gratitude for what God had done (v. 24).

(b) The certain consequences of wrongdoing (v. 25).

To realize this fact is not abject fear, but a reasoning, common sense judging of any course of action by its consequences.

Practical Points.

"If we fill the corner where we are with light, we shall sooner or later be set on a candlestick high enough for the light that is in us."

Self-seeking is a root of all evil, the curse of politics, of business, and of society.

Samuel was a good man. The treatment of his saintly character has yielded large dividends.

It often requires some heavy calamity, such as the loss of friends, or health, or possessions, to dethrone our pride and make us see that happiness and success depend on God alone.

# 1855 Berea College 1908.

## FOR THE ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Places the BEST EDUCATION in reach of all.

Over 60 instructors, 1175 students from 27 states.

Largest college library in Kentucky. NO SALOONS.

A special teacher for each grade and for each main subject. So many classes that each student can be placed with others like himself, where he can make most rapid progress.

### Which Department Will You Enter?

THE MODEL SCHOOLS for those least advanced. Same lectures, literary and general advantages as for more advanced students. Arithmetic, Handwork, Lessons in Farm and Household Management, etc. Free text books.

TRADE COURSES for any who have finished fifth grade (fractions and compound numbers), Brickwork, Farm Management, Printing, Woodwork, Nursing, Dressmaking, Household Management. "Learn and Earn."

ACADEMY, REGULAR COURSE, 2 years, for those who have largely studied common branches. The most practical and interesting studies to fit a young person for an honorable and useful life.

CHOICE OF STUDIES is offered in this course so that a young man may secure a diploma in Agriculture and a young lady in Home Science.

ACADEMY, COMMERCIAL, 1 year or 2 years to fit for business. Even a part of this course, as fall and winter terms, is very profitable. Small extra fees.

ACADEMY, PREPARATORY, 2, 3 and 4 year courses, with Latin, German, Algebra, History, Science, etc., fitting for college.

COLLEGIATE, 4 years. Literary, Scientific and Classical courses, with use of laboratories, scientific apparatus, and all modern methods. The highest educational standards.

NORMAL, 3 and 4-year courses fit for the profession of teaching. First year, parallel to 8th grade Model Schools, enables one to get a first-class certificate. Following years (winter and spring terms) give the information, culture and training necessary for a true teacher, and cover branches necessary for State certificate.

MUSIC, Singing (free), Reed Organ, Voice Culture, Piano, Theory, Band, may be taken as an extra in connection with any course. Small extra fees.

### Expenses, Regulations, Opening Days.

Berea College is not a money-making institution. All the money received from students is paid out for their benefit, and the School expends on average upon each student about fifty dollars a year more than he pays in. This great deficit is made up by the gifts of Christian and patriotic people who are supporting Berea in order that it may train young men and women for lives of usefulness.

OUR SCHOOL IS LIKE A FAMILY, with careful regulations to protect the character and reputation of the young people. Our students come from the best families and are earnest to do well and improve. For any who may be sick, the College provides doctor and nurse without extra charge.

All except those with parents in Berea live in College buildings, and assist in work of boarding hall, farm and shop, receiving valuable training, and getting pay according to the value of their labor. Except in winter it is expected that all will have a chance to earn as much as 35 cents a week. Some who need to earn more may, by writing to the Secretary before coming, secure extra employment so as to earn from 50 cents to one dollar a week.

PERSONAL EXPENSES for clothing, laundry, postage, books, etc., vary with different people. Berea favors plain clothing. Our climate is the best, but as students must attend classes regardless of the weather, warm wraps and underclothing, umbrellas and overshoes, are necessary. The Cooperative Store furnishes books, toilet articles, work uniforms, umbrellas and other necessary articles at cost.

LIVING EXPENSES are really below cost. The College asks no rent for the fine buildings in which students live, charging only enough room rent to pay for cleaning, repairs, fuel, lights, and washing of bedding and towels. For table board, without coffee or extras, \$1.35 a week in the fall, and \$1.50 in winter. For room, furnished, fuel, lights, washing of bedding, 40 cents a week in fall and spring, 50 cents in winter.

SCHOOL FEES are two. First a "Dollar Deposit," as guarantee for return of room key, library books, etc. This is paid but once, and is returned when the student departs.

Second an "Incidental Fee" to help on expenses for care of school buildings, hospital library, etc. (Students pay nothing for tuition or services of teachers—all our instruction is a free gift). The Incidental Fee for most students is \$5.00 a term (\$4.00 in lower Model Schools, \$6.00 in courses with Latin, and \$7.00 in Collegiate courses).

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, hoard by the half term. Installments are as follows:

SPRING—10 weeks, \$22.50—in one payment \$22.00.  
Installment plan: first day \$16.75 (including \$1.00 deposit), middle of term \$6.

## THE SCHOOL

### KENTUCKY'S RURAL SCHOOLS

#### Article I. Their Needs and Shortcomings.

By PRESIDENT FROST of Berea College

Kentucky is a rural state. A great majority of our people live in the country and the question of the education which the country boy and girl shall receive is one of the highest importance to the commonwealth.

And it is a problem most likely to be overlooked. When educators assemble it is the college men and the city teachers who are at the front. The needs of the city schools and the proper methods for their management are more or less prominent before the public. The country school and the country school teachers are out of sight and forgotten.

Now let us consider what are the needs of these country boys and girls. They have had a good physical start in their country birth and out-door life, but the question is, where shall they get the ideals of life, the principles of conduct, the inspiration and motives of achievement that shall fit them to make the most of themselves and their families. By the fact that they are far from town they may be sheltered from many of the temptations and evils of city life. But they are in special need of the awakening voice and the guiding hand that shall put them in step with the progressive forces of the world and make them sharers in the best elements of our civilization. We would wish to see every country home beautified in its surroundings, its humble heart graced by a shelf of books and some instrument of music; the man of the house competent to be a school trustee and a Sunday School superintendent and his wife fit for the rearing of children and the blessed ministrations of the home and the social circle.

The means of communication between

the great sources of inspiration and the country home should be opened up and kept open. The post-office is a great civilizer, provided people know how to read and have a taste for learning. The church is the greatest resource of all, and yet, entangled by its divisions and various weaknesses, it cannot be depended upon alone to keep the people in the lines of progress. The great and recognized resources upon which we rely for supplementing the influence of the home and the church, is the public school. And in the rural districts the schools, neglected though it be, is the hope of the state.

We need not compare our population to that of other states, or draw the contrast between different parts of Kentucky; the simple fact is, as all admit, that our rural schools are not what they should be—they have not accomplished as yet all that is possible for them to accomplish. There are too many instances in which the children of to-day are growing up with no opportunity to reach the great sources of inspiration—the great motives of right-living, the great ideals which would stir them to worthy endeavor. And in the absence of good things to occupy their minds, their free and vigorous animal spirits overflow in frivolity and too often, positively wrongdoing. When a boy or girl "goes wrong" our indignation should not be poured out upon the offender alone; the responsibility for that wrong-doing must be shared by any parent, school teacher, school trustee, preacher of the gospel, county superintendent, college president or minister who might have done something to make the pathway of that boy or girl more safe.

## THE HOME

### My Fireless Cooker

By JENNIE LESTER HILL

The name of "Fireless" cooker is a little deceptive for there must be some fire to do the cooking. But though not strictly fireless, it is a great help on these hot days as well as a great saver of fuel.

The principle on which a fireless cooker does its work is the same as that on which an ice box keeps the food from melting. The hot food is packed around with some material that will not allow the heat to escape and so cooks by a long, slow, steady heat.

My fireless cooker is simply an old trunk lined with several thicknesses of paper pasted on and packed tightly with excelsior. In this excelsior are nests, made for the cooking vessels, by placing the vessels in and packing the excelsior closely around them. The vessels can then be slipped in and out of these nests as needed.

Any box with a tight-fitting lid could be used instead of the trunk, and chopped hay or straw used instead of the excelsior. A cushion stuffed with excelsior is put over the top of the cooking vessel and the lid of the trunk shut down.

molted and all of the passengers were either killed or injured. So far eight are dead.

TAFT AT HOT SPRINGS, VA.—Judge Taft and his family have gone to Hot Springs, Va., to spend the summer. They left Washington last Friday afternoon and reached Hot Springs at midnight. A good natured crowd met him at the station and gave him a cordial reception.

REAR ADMIRAL THOMAS DEAD:—Rear Admiral Thomas dropped dead at Del Monte, California, Friday afternoon. He was in perfect health and five minutes after eating a hearty meal dropped dead.

Rear Admiral Thomas was second in command of the Atlantic battle ship fleet from Hampton Roads. He was in command of the fleet for five days at San Francisco, when he retired and was succeeded by Rear Admiral Sperry. The body is held in Del Monte waiting for the arrival of his son from San Francisco.

NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION:—The annual Convention

of the National Educational Association met in Cleveland, last week. It was voted to hold the next Convention in Denver. This has been a very profitable meeting, besides one day was spent in sight seeing excursions and departmental meetings. A number of able addressers were delivered in the various meetings.

LONDON TIMES:—Alfred Harmsworth has purchased The London Times, the greatest and most renowned newspaper in the world. The Times is an interesting old relic and reminds one of a retired lion or blunderbus that used to be a'able and do good work but had been placed among the curios. It is a mistake about J. Fred Piers buying The Times as was reported, but Harmsworth was the man. Harmsworth is an able, self-made man who knows something about modern conditions and methods and therefore is the man to own and control The Times.

NORTH POLE HUNT:—Commander Robert E. Peary, the Arctic explorer, will make another attempt to reach the north pole. He will start next Monday and be ready for the trip except he lacks \$5,000 having enough money. Commander Peary will not leave New York with a ship but will see it safely started and after a few days stay there will go by rail to join his party at Sydney, Cape Breton. Eskimos and dogs will be taken on board in the Whaler Sound region as before. Commander Peary will endeavor to force the ship into the same winter quarters on the north side of Grantland as in the winter of 1905 and 1906.

VERBAL BETS NO CRIME:—Melville Collins arrested at Sheepshead race track, New York, charged with violating the new anti-betting laws was discharged. The justice of the court ruled that Collins committed no crime in making verbal bets. Collins' case was selected by the Jockey Club for a test of the new law. The ruling is very important as it indicates that bookmaking is unlawful while betting between individuals is not. The news of Justice Bischoff's decision was received with great enthusiasm at Sheepshead race track.

REVEALS PLOTS:—Dr. Jose De Alpoine, chief of the dissidents, smarting under the suspicions that he was in the plot that resulted in the assassination of King Carlos and Crown Prince Luis in Lisbon, last February, revealed what he declared to be the true history of the plot.

He said the assassination was decided in a meeting of the Progressive Regenerators a few days before it was carried out.

### DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

(Continued from First Page)

Bryan tho and there is likely to be a little trouble there. Parker has a resolution praising Cleveland which he intends to present. It will be mighty hard for the convention to refuse to pass a resolution praising such a great man, especially after his death. On the other hand Bryan and Cleveland always hated each other, neither ever supported the other for president and praise of Cleveland by the convention will be a mighty hard pill for Bryan to swallow.

CAM J. LEWIS:—Cam J. Lewis, a Berea student, is expected to run for County Superintendent of Public Schools of Marion County. Mr. Lewis was a student in Berea College four years, is a hard worker and strictly temperate. If elected to that office the people can rest assured that he will do his duty and work for the interest of the public schools in his county.

BEAUTIFUL WEDDING:—One of the most beautiful and brilliant weddings ever celebrated in Richmond took place Tuesday evening, when Miss Sarah Rollins Burnam and Mr. John Jennings Greenleaf were married. Miss Burnam is the second daughter of Judge A. R. Burnam and is a very sweet and brilliant young lady. She looked unusually charming on this sacred occasion for her dark petite beauty was very attractive.

The Frankfort orchestra played the wedding march, and Rev. Edmund Burnam performed the ceremony.

BREATHITT LAND VALUABLE:—Several New York financiers were in Jackson last week negotiating for coal and timber lands in Breathitt and adjoining Counties.

AFTER TENTH DISTRICT:—The Democrats of the Tenth District are going out for blood in the coming campaign and hope to carry the district. The nominees of the party will probably be G. Lee Waincott of Winchester, Judge S. S. Tulbee of Jackson, and will be willing to make the race but not shown great strength yet.

the friend had made him a present. But Guffey didn't stay dead. He sassed back. Among other things he said that Bryan had been glad enough to take the money of corporation men when he thought he wouldn't get caught at it, that he had no objections to Guffey's being a corporation man till Guffey also became his enemy, that he had been ungrateful to the friends that had helped him in his previous campaigns and thrown them out as soon as he thought he would gain anything by it. He said that Bryan was the most impudent, unscrupulous, domineering, devastating boss the Democratic party has ever had. He says that when Bryan denied that he had taken any part in the internal affairs of the different states, he lied—which everybody who knows about Kentucky politics knows is so. Altogether he said some things which Bryan had not even been able to deny up to the time The Citizen went to press. Of course Bryan owns the big machine, and Guffey will be flattened out, but it will leave a bad spot on Bryan, and there will be more heard of this fight later, because when men who have been in "cahoots" begin to tell on each other there is always something worth hearing—especially if one of them is running for president.

The question of the vice-presidential nomination is still open, with the chance favoring Judge Gray—who does not want it either. There is a talk of running John Mitchell, former president of the coal mining union, but there is not much chance that this will be done.

It is quite probable that Bryan will be allowed to choose for himself who shall be his running-mate, because nobody else wants the responsibility and the smooth campaign managers think it will be a good thing to let Bryan get all the blame out of the defeat which they believe is coming to the party.

### STATE NEWS

(Continued from First Page)

probably not fatally. Another man, C. E. Gammon, was cut on the hand by broken glass.

EASY JOBS ABOLISHED:—The Board of Control is using the pruning knife in the three Kentucky asylums. They are abolishing some of the unnecessary jobs, such as, treasurer, inspector and pathological physician. The latter was believed to be a sinecure and therefore they immediately abolished it.

CROPS BAD IN GENERAL:—Crops are falling far behind the standard all over the state. For sometime the wheat crop looked flattering, the straw was tall and the head looked long and full, but when it was cut it felt light. And upon threshing it the farmers are very much disappointed for the grain is small and has a heavy chaff. Much of the wheat is shattering out while threshing. It is said there is not half a crop in Garrard, and two thirds crop in Madison County. Other crops have failed so far to come up, hemp is not more than half crop and tobacco is worse in the shoot than ever before. Hundreds of acres have been forbidden by night riders and the protracted drought has either burnt up, or cut short what tobacco is out. Corn in most sections is farther behind than it has been for years. But the general rains we are having now will help the corn crop considerably.

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## THE NEW WAY TO TAX MORTGAGES

### Growth in Favor of the Registration Plan.

General States Now Tax at Five Dollars a Thousand When Lodged For Record—Having Good Effect.

It will be interesting when a year has rolled around to estimate the amount of tax that has been collected in Kentucky by the state and by counties on real estate lien notes and mortgage notes. This subject of mortgage taxation is one that Kentucky should very carefully consider. In most states it has been recognized that to tax mortgages is to impose double taxation, since by the borrowing of money upon real estate no new property has been created, but only the same property twice. It has been considered, however, that the state is entitled to some revenue from this source, and other states have solved the problem by levying a registration tax upon mortgages. Under this system, when a mortgage is filed for record it pays a tax of five dollars on each thousand dollars of the amount secured by the mortgage. No subsequent tax is imposed and the entire amount of the tax collected goes into the state treasury.

Where this system has been tried, the result has been a considerable increase in the revenue from taxation of mortgages. The system which we are trying in Kentucky, by which the county clerk is required to make a correct return to the assessor of all mortgages, gives very little chance for any mortgagee to escape taxation so that to adopt in Kentucky the system of a registration tax on mortgages would not be productive of more revenue, and might possibly be productive of less; but it is questionable whether the slight additional revenue derived from these mortgages makes up for the injustice done to the borrowers of money. It is conceivable that a man who lends money at 5 or 6 per cent, and then from 2½ to 3 per cent in the way of tax, and yet it would amount to this in very many of our Kentucky cities and towns. Rather than do so, since he can now, under the law avoid disclosing his possession of the mortgage, the lender will simply return the money lending market. These restrictions curtail the amount of money that will be loaned on mortgages and result in a hardship to borrowers. It should be remembered also, that the borrowers affected in this case are of the very best class—farmers who need to raise money on their farms, men of small means who desire to borrow money to build houses, as well as men who pledge real estate to aid them in developing building or industrial operations. The possibility of borrowing the money they need from private sources has always been of great advantage to people of these classes, especially in small towns and cities where there are not so many trust companies making loans. The lender might stand the burden of the tax if he were allowed to add that amount to his rate of interest, but he is headed off in that direction by the usury laws in many cases he takes chances on this point and by various devices will contrive to collect from the borrower some extra premium by way of offset to the tax he must pay on the mortgage. In this way the burden falls directly on the borrower and must inevitably tend to increase the interest rate on mortgage loans.

That a tax on mortgages does increase the interest rate on mortgage loans has been clearly proved by the experience of New York. It is not to be supposed that there will be any opposition to the tax on mortgages on the part of corporations which have money to lend, since, by law, banks and trust companies are not specifically taxed on their mortgage loans. But any banker dislikes to see anything done that restricts the amount of available capital in the state, for such restriction of available capital means restriction of business, restriction of all forms of progress that make the state more prosperous. Experience has, up to this time, demonstrated that the only beneficiaries of the attempt to rigidly tax mortgages are the foreign insurance companies, which come into the state and lend their money and, being resident in other states, do not have to pay a tax on their mortgages.

The same registration tax where it has been adopted is applied to the mortgages filed by railroad and other corporations. This is proving a more effective way of taxing bonds than on this sacred occasion for her dark petite beauty was very attractive.

The Frankfort orchestra played the wedding march, and Rev. Edmund Burnam performed the ceremony.

BREATHITT LAND VALUABLE:—Several New York financiers were in Jackson last week negotiating for coal and timber lands in Breathitt and adjoining Counties.

AFTER TENTH DISTRICT:—The Democrats of the Tenth District are going out for blood in the coming campaign and hope to carry the district. The nominees of the party will probably be G. Lee Waincott of Winchester, Judge S. S. Tulbee of Jackson, and will be willing to make the race but not shown great strength yet.

The subject of taxing credits is one of the most difficult in the realm of taxation, and it is a field where mistakes are most costly, because it is the taxation of this form of property that drives capital from the community, and to drive capital from the community means the entrapment of all the enterprises that build up the community and add to its population and to the value of its real estate.

## THE MARKET

### MADISON MARKET

Richmond, July 7, 1908.  
We had about 800 cattle on the market at Madison County Stock yards, July Court. Market a little druggy and about 200 cattle left over. One bunch of 1000 lb steers brought 45¢c the top price for the day. The general run of price from 3 to 4c. About 200 sheep were on the market. Best ones brought \$1.00 per head, and there was a good demand. Horse and mule market extremely dull. Dry weather has affected the market to some extent.

### Berea Prices

Potatoes, Irish, per bu	\$1.25
Cabbage, 2c per lb.	
Peas 12½c per gal.	
Honey, 10c per lb.	
Turnips, 12½c per gal.	
Apples, per lb.—7c	
Blackberries, 10-15c per gal.	
Strawberries per qt—10-15c.	
Eggs per dozen 1c	
Butter, per lb—15-20c.	
Bacon, per lb.—10-11c.	
Lard, per lb—10c	
Chickens on foot per lb 8c.	
Horn, 9c	
Oats, 6c	
Wheat 8c per bu.	
Millet, 6c per bu.	

### Live Stock

Choice export steers	5 75	6 40
Choice butcher steers	5 25	5 95
Common butcher steers	4 00	4 80
Medium butcher steers	4 75	5 75
Common butcher steers	4 25	4 55
Medium butcher helpers	4 00	5 00
Common butcher helpers	3 25	4 00
Choice butcher cows	4 25	4 75
Medium butcher cows	3 50	4 25
Common butcher cows	2 75	3 70
Calfers	1 25	2 25
Choice fat oxen	4 50	5 00
Medium oxen	3 00	4 00
Choice bulls	3 50	4 25
Medium bulls	2 75	3 70
Common bulls	2 00	2 70
Choice veal calves	5 50	6 00
Medium veal calves	3 50	5 00
Common calves	2 50	3 70
Breeders	4 50	5 00
Medium breeders	4	

# The Porter Drug Co.

(INCORPORATED)

PHONE. 12.

BEREA, KY.

## Berea and Vicinity.

GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

DR. BEST,

DENTIST

CITY PHONE 153

OFFICE OVER POST OFFICE

Prof. and Mrs. Dodge returned Monday from the Chautauqua at Lexington.

Mrs. Tel Martin of Conway, spent Monday with Mrs. Prof. Marsh.

President Frost received a letter from Prof. Dinsmore while on board the steamer Marquette. He and Mrs. Dinsmore are in a party of twenty and are well pleased with the boat and also the passengers.

A party of students from Richmond State Normal were in Berea, Saturday, July 4. They drove over the college grounds and made a visit to the Chapel tower.

TOWN TAXES DUE.—All tax payers in the town of Berea are hereby notified that taxes for the year 1908 are due and must be paid to me.

W. L. Harrison, Collector.

Miss Phoebe Sparkman of Hamilton, Ohio, was the guest of the Misses Anna and Margaret Lowen on Jackson Street last week.

Mr. T. C. Viars of Seaford Cane was with his daughter Mrs. Rose Dalton a few days last week.

Arrangements are being made for the annual pleute for the pupils of the Union church Sunday school. No doubt but that the committee will select a pleasant spot.

Quite a number of the young people in town attended the ice-cream supper at Wallacetown Saturday night.

Mrs. Ann Hudson of Dreyfus spent Sunday with Mrs. Frank Hayes and family.

Mr. Frank Livingood was quite sick several days last week and was detained from work.

C. E. Ogg, Aden Ogg, Earl Hayes, and others were off on a fishing trip Saturday.

Green Hill and Charley Preston were in Lexington Saturday.

Miss Therusa Johnson of Wilder is the pleasant guest of Mrs. Bert Coddington. She expects to be here several days, then she leaves for Wyoming for the rest of the year.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Scrivner spent several days visiting relatives and friends in Owsley County.

Misses Mary and Grace Adams were visitors in Richmond the latter part of the week.

Miss Grace Wagers, who has been visiting in Irvine returned home Monday.

Mr. Joe Evans was called to Seaford Cane Sunday by the serious illness of her little nephew.

Mrs. Della Baker and baby were the guests of her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hayes Saturday night.

Quite a number of the town people spent Sunday at Mellory Springs.

Mr. Scott McGuire, who was called home to Beattyville a short time ago by the death of his father has returned to Berea and resumed his duties as druggist for S. E. Welch.

Mr. Hubert Neely and sister, Miss Minnie were in Richmond Saturday.

Miss Bettie Lewis, who has been at Richmond for some time returned home Monday.

Mr. James Wallace of Jessamine County has been the guest of E. B. Wallace and family for some time.

Mrs. Oscar Gahard and baby visited at the home of her sister Mrs. John Gahard last week.

Mr. Sam Pennington, of Lexington, visited at the home of Mrs. King and daughters Misses Nita and Bertha last Tuesday.

Mrs. J. C. Harrison, son and daughter, Howard and Bess are visiting relatives at Big Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Moore spent Saturday and Sunday with W. R. Gahard and family.

Mr. G. M. Green spent a few days with his wife and children the latter part of the week.

Miss Margaret Livingood, who has been making an extended visit with her brother Frank and wife returned to Ohio Tuesday.

## BEREA FAIR AUGUST 6-7-8 ALL COME

Miss Etta Gay, who has been visiting relatives and friends in California for several months returned home last Wednesday. She reports a very pleasant trip and likes the West very much.

GOOD FARM LAND WANTED.  
Parties having about 100 acres of good farm land in Madison County or adjoining Bluegrass Counties for lease will do well to address

The Citizen, Berea, Ky.

Miss Edith Early left Saturday, July 4, for Waverlyville, Estill County, where she will teach school this fall.

Mr. J. M. Early started on the road Friday as traveling salesman.

Miss Lillian Chrisman left Thursday for Combs, Ky., where she will teach this fall. The Citizen extends its best wishes to all public school teachers and earnestly hopes they will bend their efforts to the task of making Kentucky public schools what they should be.

Mr. John Pearl of London, was in Berea Saturday looking at the plant of The Berea News. Should he purchase it he would move it to London and start a newspaper there.

Mr. D. C. Phillips of Berea, has just received notice from the patent office that he had been allowed a patent on a baggage check. The check is an improvement over all others, the value of the patent is a steel spring which closes the hook and holds the pin in place so it is impossible to lose it. It will find a ready sale at depots, express offices, hotels, mills etc. This is the fourth patent that Mr. Phillips has received, the others being a patent on a match safe, bee hive and wire stretchers.

Miss Ida Marsh left last Thursday for a visit to the West and is now in Pawnee City, Nebraska.

Miss Anna Hudson of Dreyfus spent Sunday with Mrs. Frank Hayes and family.

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## College Items

### HERE AND THERE

Prof. Lewis called on Prof. Roark of Richmond, Thursday.

Prof. Dizney left for Laurel County Monday to attend Institute there.

And Prof. Runold left for Pike County to attend Institute there.

Prof. Saale started Monday for Williamsburg, Babourville and Somerset to attend the Institutes at these places. He will be gone three weeks.

E. M. Geutry, who is in charge of the colored schools of Paris, has completed a very successful year and receives the congratulations of Mayor O'Brien and the newspapers of the city upon the progress of the schools and the merit of the closing exercises.

## U Z P F

Use Zaring's Patent Flour

And do not fail to visit our store when in need of something good to eat.

We carry a complete line of staple and fancy groceries, fruits and vegetables.

### THE CLEAN STORE

H. R. Prather

Successor to Golden Grocery Company.

Phone 184 Main Street.

Opposite Citizen Office

### AN EXPLANATION

Why The Citizen Raised Price or Dropped Premium.

Several people do not seem to have understood the cause which forced The Citizen to make a change in its dealings with its subscribers, and some have not understood the change. The situation is as follows:

The Citizen has for years done all it can to make it easy for poor folks to take the paper, and has offered terms far better than any other paper we know of at the same time giving a better paper than any other. Recently even this good paper has been improved, and still further improvements are planned. These have met the approval of our subscribers, but they cost money. At the same time the expenses of printing a paper have increased, the cost of paper has nearly doubled, the cost of work has gone up and so on till it appeared that the paper could not go on as it had been doing. In fact it lost money for sometime, but made no change because its managers hoped that the situation would improve. However, the situation got worse instead of better. Congress refused to aid the newspapers, and the time came when something had to be done.

Three things were possible; we might either get out a poorer paper or raise the price, or make a change in the giving of premiums and credit. Some papers are getting poorer instead of better, and are saving money that way. Papers that are as good as ever are raising their price and cutting down credit. As our subscribers are of the most intelligent class we decided that they would not like to have the paper made poorer, and as it has always been our aim to work for the poor man, we decided not to raise the price. The only thing that was left was to make a difference about premiums.

The terms on which the paper will be sold from now on therefore, are as follows:—The price to all is \$1.00 a year, for new subscriptions or for renewals. No credit can be given for new subscribers beyond four months. No premiums will be given away, but, to continue the inducements which have helped so much, we shall be able to sell to subscribers only, all the old premiums at less than cost. For the knife we will charge 25 cents extra, for the needle package or Farmers Rapid Calculator, ten cents extra, for the Mountain People of Kentucky, a book, 50 cents extra, and for the life of Christ, \$1.00 extra.

The terms on which the paper will be sold from now on therefore, are as follows:—The price to all is \$1.00 a year, for new subscriptions or for renewals. No credit can be given for new subscribers beyond four months. No premiums will be given away, but, to continue the inducements which have helped so much, we shall be able to sell to subscribers only, all the old premiums at less than cost. For the knife we will charge 25 cents extra, for the needle package or Farmers Rapid Calculator, ten cents extra, for the Mountain People of Kentucky, a book, 50 cents extra, and for the life of Christ, \$1.00 extra.

Every one who has been taking the paper knows its worth and knows that it is better than any other paper printed for the price. We do not care to circulate the paper among people who do not want it, or who take it simply to get the premiums, and this change makes it possible for any one to get the paper alone if he cannot afford the premiums. The premiums are still offered as inducements to those who like to get a bargain, and they will find that they cannot get anywhere else so good a paper and such fine premiums for anything like the same price.

In spite of his name, the editor is a firm believer in sunshine. The kind that gets into people's hearts and gives the smile that will not come off.

The following poem is a good illustration of this creed of sunshine.

MY NEIGHBOR JIM.

Everything pleases my neighbor Jim.

When it rained he never complained.

But said that wet weather suited him.

"There is never too much rain for me."

"This is something like," said he.

When Earth was dry as a powder mill.

He did not sigh because it was dry.

But said if he could have his will,

It would be his chief supreme delight.

To live where the sun shone day and night.

When winter came with its snow and ice,

He did not scold because it was cold,

But said, "Now this is real nice,

If ever from home I'm forced to go,

I'll move up north with the Eskimo."

A cyclone whirled along its track,

It did him harm it broke his arm.

It stripped the coat from off his back,

"I would give another limb

To see such a blow again," said Jim.

And when at length his years were told,

His body bent and his strength all spent,

Jim was very weak and old.

"I long have wanted to know," he said.

"How I feels to die," and Jim was dead.

L. A. Davis, M. D.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

PHONE 50 - - - CENTER ST.

S. R. BAKER,

DENTIST

Office: In Baker Building, Richmond Street.

Office hours from 8 to 12

City Phone 153

Teeth extracted without pain—Semeiforme

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS,

REPAIRED.

Work Promptly Returned.

CONN BROS. - - - Lancaster, Ky.

HYDEN CITIZENS

BANK

Transacts a general banking business.

We invite you specially to place at least a portion of your account with us, whether large or small.

HYDEN - - - KY

"THE ERA OF PERFECT LOVE"

Julia Ward Howe's Vision.

Boston, June 29.—Julia Ward Howe has had a remarkable vision of a new era for mankind. Telling of the vision, she said:

"One night recently I experienced a sudden awakening. I had a vision of a new era which is to dawn for mankind and in which men and women are battling equally, unitedly for the uplifting and emancipation of the race from evil.

# The Citizen

A family newspaper for all that is right, true and interesting.  
Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO.

(Incorporated)

Stanley Frost, Editor and Manager.

## Subscription Rates

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

One Year..... \$1.00  
Six Months..... \$0.50  
Three Months..... \$0.25

Send money by Post-office or Express Money Order, Draft, Registered Letter, or one and two cent stamps.

The date after your name on label shows to what day your subscription is paid. If it is not dated, within three weeks after renewal date will be paid.

Missing numbers will be gladly supplied if we are notified.

Fine Premiums given for new subscriptions and prompt renewals. Send for Premium List.

Liberal terms given to any who obtain new subscriptions for us. Any one sending us four yearly subscriptions can receive *The Citizen* free half price for one year.

Advertising rates on application.

MEMBER OF KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION.



Pres Castro defying the United States looks a good deal like a jackass defying the lightning.

Older people must learn to speak the baseball language if they wish to associate with their sons.

Naturally no Spanish experts have ventured to contribute anything to the criticism of the American navy.

The Oneida, N. Y., woman who concealed \$2,500 in a mattress could at times be said to be fairly rolling in money.

Kitchener is keeping his pitching arm in training among the Afridis. He'll have them called the Afridis shortly.

A Pennsylvania man who looked into a mirror was scared to death. He evidently hadn't had the lifelong practice of most men.

A copper half-cent minted in 1825, and very rare, has just been sold for \$61, the record price for a coin of that denomination and date.

The report that King Edward does not wear a night cap does not materially affect our civilization. Night caps are out of style anyhow.

This country is importing very few diamonds but it is getting ready to use all of those now on hand which are of the baseball variety.

One man has thrown up a \$250,000 a year job just because of ill-health. It looks a bit strange that a man making all that money finds time to get sick.

The little boy out west who tried the effect of a lighted match on a keg of powder would, no doubt, have become a boat-rocker anyhow, had he grown up.

A company has been organized to extract silver from sea water. It is not being capitalized by the same people who undertook to get gold from sea water.

A Brooklyn school-teacher has been frightened by a "Black Hand" letter. Ordinarily, you can't scare the city school-teacher with the black hand. She's used to it.

With two such languages why don't the Japanese and the Chinese make it a war of words? Chunks of speech thrown at each other certainly would inflict sufficient damage.

A St. Louis preacher says girls should not object when young men wish to hold their hands. Naturally this leads to the suspicion that some St. Louis girl has been objecting.

Charles M. Schwab has shocked London by wearing a top hat with a short coat, but we are assured that he has never appeared anywhere with tan shoes and a clawhammer.

Two thousand errors were found in the books of a California bank by the examiners. The bookkeepers in that institution must be in the habit of playing baseball during the summer.

When the New York school board decided that teachers should not lambaste the pupils it should also have made a regulation forbidding pupils to make faces at the teachers.

Naval critics tell us that a battleship is in a bad way when her armor belt is too low. Of course, not being human, she can't hike it up and anchor it with a safety pin.—Philadelphia Press.

That New York woman who stole \$20,000 worth of jewelry in order to maintain her social position gives one a rather poor impression of what it takes to maintain one's social position in New York.

Prosperity must be sitting around picking its teeth in Argentina these days. During the season Argentina wasn't doing a thing but raising wheat and how that the crop is being marketed it cannot but be cheerful.

Australia has many dogs and no rabies, no hydrophobia. If it were possible to discover how a century of absolute immunity has been brought about in that vast inland continent, the world might learn a lesson worth knowing.

## Athletes to Fore

### Effect of Growing Interest in Sports

By ALEXANDER MEIKLEJOHN,  
Professor of Logic, Brown University.

HERE is no doubt that our popular games as they are played have many defects. They are often tricky and unfair, sometimes coarse and brutal; they are altogether too feverish in their demand for victory; they are too frequently used by the gambler and the saloon-keeper as parts of the machinery of his business.

But on the whole they are doing well a work which is necessary. They are providing wholesome recreation for young men of physical vigor and for older men who need relaxation from the strain of daily labor. And further, there is no other set of activities which could at present take their place in promoting the results which we seek from our popular recreations. And further still we need more athletic sports, more men playing, more men interested, more general devotion on the part of our men to clean, generous, athletic competitions.

If anyone doubts the need of providing wholesome amusement for our men let him go through the streets of one of our manufacturing towns in which just now the mills are closed for two or three days a week. He will find standing about the street corners hundreds of idle men who have either no means of enjoyment available or no proper sense of what they may do with their time when they are free to do as they please. And the same is true of the idle rich as of the idle poor. As a people we have not yet developed a proper sense of sane, healthy, self-controlled enjoyment. In this respect, we are far behind the people of western Europe and it is time that we give some attention to the situation.

But though it is admitted that athletic games are better than the attractions of the saloon, the public dance hall, the race track, the street corner, it may be said that we might much better find amusement in the concert hall, the lecture room, the picture gallery, the woods and fields than in athletic sports. To this, however, there are two answers. First there is no reason why we cannot have both sets of interests and unite as our colleges are trying to do, athletic exercise with the general development of all the powers. And second, to a great majority of our men, the athletic interest offers a stronger appeal against the lower forms of amusement than can any of the interests just mentioned.

The development of athletic sports may involve temporary economic loss, but none the less it is desirable and necessary. For the physical social and mental well-being of both players and communities the interest in such sports should be enlarged. It will not be easy to keep them free from excesses and perversions, but none the less we must take them and use them as best we may. As a people we have learned perhaps too well the lesson of work. One of the things which we now need is to learn how to play.

Alexander Meiklejohn

## To Smoke or Not to Smoke?

By G. ELLIOT FLINT.

To smoke, or not to smoke; that is the question. The decision of the encyclopedist is that smoking is the least harmful of all luxuries. That decision, however, is not wholly satisfactory. Is smoking in moderation harmful at all? Nay, may it not even be beneficial? But before we can learn the effect of smoking on health, we should know that tobacco, which is classed as a narcotic, is a stimulant in small doses. This fact, though well known to physiologists, is not so well known to the laity, and is usually quite misapprehended or ignored by popular writers on alcohol and tobacco.

Dr. John H. Griscom and others who have themselves been peculiarly susceptible to tobacco have declared that it depressed the digestive, circulatory and muscular powers. But this is true only when it is indulged in to excess. We have the authority of John Fiske, M. A., LL. B., for saying that narcotics, moderately used, "instead of lowering nutrition will raise it; instead of paralyzing, they will invigorate." Taken in a stimulant dose, tobacco is not only not a poison, it is an aversive, of paralysis. It is not only not a poison, but it is a healthful, reparatory stimulus.

The effect of any narcotic depends upon the amount of the dose, a small dose having a directly opposite effect to that of a large dose. But individuals vary, some being narcotized by an amount that would stimulate others.

If one smokes it is important that he should avoid excess. The evil of cigarette smoking arise from the fact that cigarette tobacco is moistened with a preparation of opium, so that it will adhere and can be rolled. If this is true, it may explain also the adhesiveness of the cigarette fiend to his habit.

To-day leading physiologists agree that moderate smoking is harmless, if not positively beneficial. Certainly there are some persons who are peculiarly susceptible to tobacco, and these would better not use it at all. Others can take comparatively large quantities with little risk of narcosis. Dr. Parr would smoke 20 pipes in a single evening. The illustrious Hobbes sat always wrapped in dense clouds of smoke while writing and yet managed to attain the ripe age of 92. A list of the great men who have been smokers would be very long. Bismarck, Carlyle, Thackeray, Tennyson, Paley, Zola, Guizot and Cromwell were all great smokers and the brains at least of none of them seem to have been injured by the practice.

Science has clearly demonstrated the following systematic effects of moderate smoking: 1. It acts on the sympathetic ganglia, increasing the flow of saliva, gastric, pancreatic and intestinal juices, thus aiding digestion. 2. It stimulates the medulla oblongata, aiding the circulation. 3. It stimulates the interstitial nerve-fibers, aiding the general assimilation of prepared material. 4. By increasing the nutrition of the brain and spinal cord, it alleviates abnormal wakefulness and tremor. So far from its being true that tobacco users are less healthy than other men, the reverse seems to be the case. This, however, may be due partly to the fact that men who cannot endure tobacco have naturally delicate constitutions and weak resisting power. Any healthy, vigorous man should be able to smoke moderately with impunity.



## HALSTEAD IS GONE

LEADER IN AMERICAN JOURNALISM ISM DIES AT CINCINNATI.

### HAD BEEN ILL FOR MONTHS

Sketch of His Long Career as Editor, War Correspondent and Writer on National Political Topics.

Cincinnati.—Murat Halstead, one of the leaders in American journalism for over half a century and widely known as a vigorous editorial and magazine writer, died at his home in this city Thursday afternoon, in his seventy-ninth year.

At his bedside were his wife, his son Robert and one daughter, Mrs. Arthur Stem. Mr. Halstead had been failing in strength for several months and Wednesday suffered from cerebral hemorrhage.

Mr. and Mrs. Halstead celebrated their golden wedding anniversary a little more than a year ago, at which time Mr. Halstead's health seemed frail and as time passed he grew weaker, so that the news of his death was not wholly unexpected.

He was a native of Butler county, O., and after a short service on a literary weekly, he in 1853 became connected with the Cincinnati Commercial, in which he secured a small interest a year later, becoming chief owner in 1865. Nearly 20 years later his paper was consolidated with the Gazette and he was editor-in-chief of the combined newspaper until years afterwards when another consolidation was effected, new owners securing control.

For a time he was editor of the Brooklyn Standard-Union and during the last ten years he has figured largely as a magazine and special newspaper writer, besides issuing a number of books on current matters of historical interest. In the civil war Mr. Halstead personally reported many battles, being rated as a war correspondent of the first class, and later in the Franco-German war and also in the Spanish-American war he was added to his reputation as that line.

For 50 years he attended and reported all Republican national conventions and in 1860 he was the only newspaper man who reported all the varied political conventions of that year.

### TEN YEARS FOR BARTNETT.

Prominent Railroad Man Sentenced for Irregularities.

San Francisco.—Walter J. Bartnett, formerly vice-president and general counsel for the Western Pacific railway and vice-president and general counsel for the California Safe Deposit and Trust Company, which failed in this city last November for about \$9,000,000, was Wednesday sentenced to the San Quentin penitentiary for ten years by Superior Judge Conley. Bartnett was convicted of having hypothesized bonds and securities to the amount of \$205,000 belonging to the estate of Elton M. Colton, of which he was special administrator.

Bartnett's counsel immediately took an appeal after sentence was passed. Bartnett is well known in railroad and financial circles in New York.

### ONE KILLED IN COLLISION.

Baggegeman Dies in Railway Wreck at Des Moines, Ia.

Des Moines, Ia.—One man was killed, three were seriously injured and a half-dozen were slightly hurt when a Great Western road train crashed into the Rock Island-Iowa local at the East Sixteenth street crossing Wednesday at 11:38 a.m.

The truck of a tender on the work train passed entirely into the smoking car of the Rock Island passenger train, pinning seven passengers in the rear end of the car. The turning of the coach buried three trunks onto the prostrate form of Baggegeman W. H. Urbahn, so injuring him that he died in the hospital.

**Rhodus Brothers Arrested.**  
Chicago.—Birch F. Rhodus, Edward T. Rhodus and Thomas Rhodus were arrested late Monday afternoon charged with using the mails in a scheme to defraud. The three brothers organized and promoted the Central Life Securities company and numerous subsidiary corporations, through which they are alleged to have obtained \$3,000,000 in the last few years.

**Nine Killed in Collision.**  
Knoxoster, Mo.—The fast California special train from St. Louis on the Missouri Pacific railroad collided with an equally fast St. Louis train from Kansas City two miles east of here at 5:30 o'clock Thursday morning. Nine persons were killed, all on the train from Kansas City, and at least 50 were injured.

**Big Fire in a Lumber Yard.**  
Wainashene, Ont.—Fire in the lumber yard of A. G. Chew, at Tannersville, near here, Thursday destroyed 7,000,000 feet of lumber, 2,000,000 laths, 3,000 railway ties, 50,000 broom handles, 12 Grand Trunk cars and 11 trans cars.

**Beheads Her Five Children.**  
Kherson.—A woman residing in a nearby village has been placed under arrest on the charge of having chopped the heads off five of her own children with an ax.



FOR YOUR OWN ROOM.  
Girls Can Make Pretty Sash Curtains for the Windows.

With some firm straw and good strong white string we will make a sash curtain for the window of your own room, as the little girl is doing in the illustration. Loop about 36 strands on 12 large tacks driven in a straight line across the top edge of a board. Make the row slide a piece of straw one inch long on each of the two strings which are to be knotted together; the ends of the string must be moistened and brought together in a point in order that they may more easily be threaded through the straw. The letter R in Fig. 2 shows the straw with the ends of the string run through it, and U gives a straw higher up on the strings. After each straw is put into place, knot the strings immediately underneath to



Fig. 1.—Making Her Own Sash Curtains.

prevent the straw from sliding out of position.

Fig. 2 shows how to manage the work. Let the bottom of the net end in a fringe. Take the loops off from the sides of the window frame at the right distance up from the ledge of the window.

If possible, let all the net work be made of pliable, soft material. It is easier to handle, and the results are much prettier.

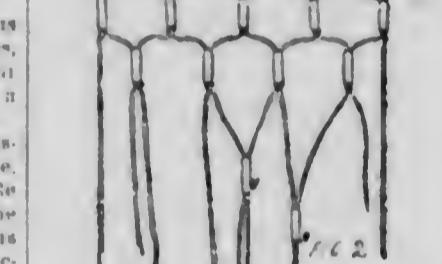


Fig. 2.—How the Work is Done.

window by passing the ends of the stick through loops of tape tacked on the sides of the window frame at the right distance up from the ledge of the window.

If possible, let all the net work be made of pliable, soft material. It is easier to handle, and the results are much prettier.

### A FLYING MACHINE.

You Can Have Lots of Fun If You Will Make This One.

A feather flying machine is a very simple thing to make, but it will only fly up, as there are no wings to support it when flying horizontally. The



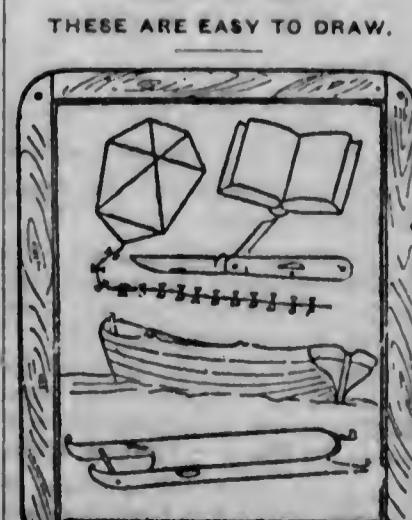
The Feather Flying Machine.

motive power is furnished by a whalebone bow, which causes the aerial screws to revolve as it unbinds.

For this model you will need eight feathers. They should be carefully selected of the same size and shape. The best are good stiff wing feathers. From them form two screws by sticking them in corks, as in the illustration; one must be arranged to revolve to the right, the other to the left, because the howling turns the upper in one direction, while the reaction tends to turn the lower one in the opposite way, and if both screws were right-handed or left-handed they would work against each other, and produce little or no effect.

The upper screw is fastened to the spindle, while the lower is attached to the bow. The spindle turns in a hole bored through the bow and into the cork; it moves freely because it simply rests in the hole, and is not fastened to the lower screw. The bow-string is tied to the spindle near the top.

When finished, hold the lower screw in one hand, and turn the upper with the other until the string is all wound on the spindle. Now let go the upper screw and toss it gently into the air, when it will fly until the bow-stretches.



Try Them and See for Yourself.

Speed is the small change of silence.

# OHIO AERONAUTS ARE MAGNANIMOUS

PILOTS OF THE CINCINNATI GIVE UP CHANCES TO WIN TO HELP RIVALS.

## MEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING

All Balloons in the Endurance Contest Alight and Have Harrowing Experiences Crossing Lake Michigan.

Chicago, July 6.—The "Chicago to Ocean" balloon race ended Sunday night when the last of the nine contestants came to earth at West Shefford, Quebec, 800 miles from the starting point.

This craft was the Fielding, owned by E. J. Fielding, of San Antonio, Tex. It covered approximately 100 miles more than its nearest competitor and is also believed to have captured the prize for the balloon which remained in the air the longest.

The contest was marked by several thrilling escapes from drowning. The Ville De Dieppe dropped into Lake Michigan soon after the start, and for an hour or more Col. A. L. Mueller and George Schoenbeck, its pilots, were swept across the surface, finally arriving with their craft to a height of 7,000 feet, from which they descended to Beeton Harbor, Mich.

A similar experience fell to the lot of C. H. Perrigo and J. D. Case, crew of the Illinois. While endeavoring to effect a landing near Lake Ontario their balloon fell into the Bay of Quinte.

The aeronauts had donned life preservers and managed to keep afloat until a yacht put off from Glen Island and reached them.

The fate of their balloon is not known here. Perrigo's message to his family stated that he and Case were safe.

The third serious accident took place near Clinton, Ontario. The balloon tumultuous could not be controlled by Capt. M. Peterson and C. H. Letter, and they were dashed against trees and dragged through barbed-wire fence. Both were painfully injured.

The landing places of the balloons were as follows:

Fielding, West Shefford, Quebec, Canada; Charlevoix, Mich.; King Edward, Port Huron, Mich.; Chicago, Ayerwood, Ont., United States; Pickerington, Ohio; Columbia, Clinton, Ont.; Central Cover, Mich.; Ilmet, Glen Island, Ont.; Ville De Dieppe, St. Omer, France.

Col. A. E. Miller and George Schatz, one of the aeronauts who sailed in the French balloon Ville De Dieppe, came to earth near South Haven, Mich., during the night, having been dragged for miles along the surface of Lake Michigan.

The aeronauts of the Cincinnati saw the disaster to the Ville De Dieppe and landed in Covert, Mich., in order to send a message to the life-saving stations notifying them of the accident.

## FLAMES, FANNED BY HIGH WIND, RAZED OVER A HUNDRED BUILDINGS IN HAYTI'S CAPITAL.

Razed Over a Hundred Buildings in Hayti's Capital.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, July 6.—A serious fire broke out here Sunday afternoon in the vicinity of the palace and senate buildings. The flames were spread quickly by a high wind and soon reached alarming proportions.

More than 100 buildings were burned, including the court house and the prison. All the prisoners, among them a number of women, were taken to other quarters before the building took fire.

Sparks ignited the arsenal, which was also burned, together with stores of powder and ammunition. The destruction of the arsenal was accompanied by many explosions. The firemen were aided by the populace in fighting the flames, and a force from the French cruiser Chasselpou-Lambert. For a time panic prevailed, but later, as the intensity of the fire diminished, the people became more calm, though heavy explosions in the arsenal continued.

Several hours after the fire started the station of the cable company, near the arsenal, was surrounded by flames and it is probable that communication by that means will be interrupted.

## Three Drowned While Bathing.

Wildwood, N. J., July 6.—Three Philadelphiaans, Miss Frances Maxwell, aged 19; Miss Helen Golding, aged 21, and Harry Martin, aged 23 years, were drowned Sunday near Anglesea while bathing, and before their absence was discovered by life guards. The sudden disappearances caused considerable excitement among the hundreds of bathers out at the time. The bodies were recovered Sunday night by the life guards.

## Died From Electric Car Accident.

Joplin, Mo., July 6.—Rev. Simpson Ely, a famous Christian church evangelist, died Sunday night, 11 hours after he was jolted off and thrown on his head by an electric car from which he was attempting to alight.

## Negro Lynched.

Flora, Miss., July 6.—Hungry from starvation after hiding in the low lands for several days Alex Hall, negro, wanted for an attack on Duke Murphy, a planter, came forth Sunday and was lynched by men and boys.

IT'S AN ILL HOT WIND THAT BLOWS NO GOOD.



## BEATS HEARST IN RECOUNT

### MCLELLAN WINS MAYORALTY CONTEST IN NEW YORK.

Long Drawn Out Litigation to Terminate—Jury's Verdict Ordered by Judge.

New York.—George B. McClellan was declared to have been duly elected mayor of New York over W. R. Hearst in 1905 by Justice Lambert Tuesday, and by the justice's orders the jury returned a verdict to that effect. This for the present at least terminates the

long drawn out litigation instituted by Mr. Hearst involving the enactment of a law providing for a recount.

This left McClellan with a plurality of nearly 3,000 and counsel for Attorney W. S. Jackson, who brought quo warranto proceedings against the mayor, was unable to prove his contention that the ballot boxes were stuffed.

Justice Lambert directed the jury to find a verdict for Mayor McClellan, upholding Mr. McClellan's election.

In his address to the jury Justice Lambert said that no fraud had been proved in the case, and if he should permit the disfranchisement of citizens on such slight evidence, this country would last but a very short time.

## TALLEST OF SKY-SCRAPERS.

### Equitable Life Will Erect a Sixty-Two Story Structure.

New York.—Plans for a new skyscraper, which will overtop all New York's lofty buildings and the flagpole of which will pierce the sky at a greater height than the Eiffel Tower in Paris, the highest structure in the world, were filed Monday by architect for the Equitable Life Assurance Society with the building department.

The projected building for the Equitable will be a 62-story structure, 909 feet from the curb to the tip of the tower, upon which will be stepped a flagpole 150 feet in length. The hall on the flagpole will be 74 feet higher than the 935-foot steel Eiffel Tower.

## Francis G. Bailey Escapes.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras.—Francis G. Bailey, the president of the Export Shipping company of New Jersey, who, together with his brother, Albert W. Bailey, Charles H. H. Myers and Capt. Albert Oxley was placed aboard the Norwegian steamer Utstein Tuesday in custody of Lieut. P. W. Beery of the New York police department, made his escape in a small boat from the steamer Tuesday night. The boat was found on the beach Wednesday morning. A search is being made by soldiers in the woods and swamps.

## Record Year for Shipbuilding.

Washington.—The bureau of navigation, treasury department, announced Wednesday that the fiscal year ended Tuesday was the record year of American shipbuilding and that the center of the industry is on the great lakes. During the year, 1,506 vessels of 588,627 gross tons were built and numbered in the United States of which 75 steel steamers of 304,379 gross tons were built on the great lakes. The largest annual output heretofore was in 1885 when 2,024 vessels of 583,450 tons were built.

## Couple Not Guilty of Murder.

Champaign, Ill.—After two hours' deliberation, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of Eleazer Oneal and Mrs. Gentle Pierson, charged with the murder of Lome Pierson, the woman's husband, near Foote, Ill., three months ago.

## Ohio "Passports" Interdicted.

Columbus, O.—The federal authorities at Washington have interposed and stopped the issuance of the so-called passports to travelers from the office of the governor of Ohio.

## Gov. Cummins Not to Resign.

Dea Moines, Ia.—Gov. Cummins Thursday authorized the statement that he will not resign from the office of governor, and stated that there was never any serious consideration of the matter on his part.

## Three Children Burn to Death.

Windsor, Col.—Three small children of Mr. and Mrs. Adams Claus were burned to death Thursday afternoon in a fire which destroyed the house occupied by the family. The parents were absent.

## WRIGHT ENTERS CABINET

SUCCEEDS WILLIAM H. TAFT AS SECRETARY OF WAR.

Republican Presidential Candidate Cleans Up Matters and Turns Attention to Campaign.

Washington.—Tuesday was William Howard Taft's last day as secretary of war. After many years of service to his government as a justice of United States courts, as governor general of the Philippine Islands, as secretary of war and as the special representative of the government on several delicate and important diplomatic missions, he relinquished Tuesday night the performance, for a time at least, of duties as an official of the United States.

The formal transfer of the war department from the administration of Secretary Taft to that of Secretary Luke E. Wright, his successor, did not take place until Wednesday, but the work of the department was brought up to date by Mr. Taft before he left his desk Tuesday evening and Secretary Wright entered upon his



Luke E. Wright.

new duties with substantially a clean slate. The last duty to be performed by Secretary Taft was the formal presentation of his successor to Assistant Secretary Oliver and to the bureau and division chiefs of the war department.

Altogether 550 men were working in the great mine when the explosion occurred. The first intimation of the disaster received by those above ground came in the form of what appeared to be an earthquake.

The earth trembled violently for an instant, the houses rocking as if they were about to collapse.

In another instant flames shot out of the mouth of the mine to a great height. The outburst of fire was followed by a low, seemingly muffled roar, and then the citizens realized there had been an explosion underground. The rush for the mine at once began.

The mouth of the mine was left almost intact after the explosion. Fans were set going, and it was cleared of smoke. Then rescue work was started.

## THREE SUICIDES IN MILWAUKEE.

### One Man Wills His Ashes to a Girl for Toothpowder.

Milwaukee.—Three suicides in Milwaukee in one day is the record for some time past. Two of the victims left unusual requests. One, a crippled hunchback, named Walter Harne, left a note addressed to a local physician requesting that his body be dissected in order to ascertain what was the matter with his legs.

R. Schultz, whose body was found hanging in the woods, left this request:

"I wish to be cremated and hereby will my ashes to Miss Meta Guttin, 61 Twenty-second street, who can use them for toothpowder."

## Wilson on Western Tour.

Washington.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson left Thursday night for an extended tour of the west in the interest of the work which the department is conducting in that section of the country. The trip will be in the nature of a vacation, as the secretary has been pretty closely confined to his desk for the past ten months.

He will stop en route at Traer, his Iowa home, for a few days' rest prior to visiting the various western states. The secretary probably will be gone for more than a month.

## Mrs. Mae Wood Indicted.

New York.—Mae C. Wood, the Omaha woman who sued United States Senator Thomas C. Platt for divorce, was indicted by a grand jury Wednesday on charges of perjury and forgery.

Miss Wood is charged with having signed Senator Platt's name to a document acknowledging her as his wife. The perjury indictment is based on Miss Wood's testimony in the divorce action, when she testified that she was married to the senator at the Fifth avenue hotel in 1901.

## Beata All Airship Record.

Friedrichshafen.—Count Zeppelin Wednesday outdistanced all world records for asteering balloons. He remained in the air for 12 hours, traversed the greater part of northern Switzerland and visited Zurich, Winterthur and Lueerne, attaining an average speed throughout of 34 miles an hour.

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## Three Children Burn to Death.

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## Fraud Alleged in Timber Deal.

Hopkinsville, Ky.—J. M. Burgess was arrested here on a warrant sworn out by F. T. Smith, charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Smith alleges that in a timber deal Burgess defrauded him out of \$1,500.

## Kentucky Gleanings.

Most Important News Gathered From All Parts of the State.

### GOV. WILLSON'S STAFF

Meet and Organize—Were Entertained By Col. Hendrick.

### KENTUCKIAN KIDNAPED.

Friends of Missing Farmer Think He Has Been Murdered.

Hopkinsville, Ky.—Some of the soldiers who have been stationed in Trigg county came here and left, it is believed, for Cob, Caldwell county. A permanent camp, it is believed, will be established there. The latest deportations in Western Kentucky are reported to have taken place in the territory between Cerrean Springs and Cobb. There is a persistent rumor that a young farmer near the Caldwell county line was taken out of his house on the night of May 17 by night riders and has not been heard from since. One theory is that he was murdered, as he had been previously threatened. A barn in the same neighborhood was destroyed by fire while the owner was away. It is reported that the people of Cobb are much opposed to having soldiers stationed there, and that they will refuse to sell the camp supplies.

### HARRISON ELLIOTT,

An Aged Farmer, Is Found Hanging in His Barn.

Covington, Ky.—Grief-stricken and despondent over the recent death of his wife, Harrison D. Elliott, aged 69, a farmer of Morning View, Ky., 22 miles south of here, hanged himself in his barn.

Mr. Elliott did not appear for breakfast as usual. Several of his children looked for him, thinking he was in the field. Going to the barn, they found him hanging by a batter to a rafter. Neighbors cut the body down and sent for a physician, who pronounced him dead.

Mr. Elliott was about to dispose of his small farm with a view of paying the funeral expenses of his wife. Five children survive him.

Coroner Tarvin viewed the remains and found that Elliott had committed suicide.

### Pipe Line Survey.

Fulton, Ky.—The Columbia Gas & Electric Co., of Cincinnati, has finished the survey for its pipe line from the West Virginia fields to the Ohio river, completing the longest survey for this purpose in the whole world. The line crosses the Big Sandy river north of Louis and strikes this country at Cannonsburg, extending down Tygart's creek.

### Interurban Extension.

Lexington, Ky.—The directors of the Central Kentucky Traction Co. at a meeting, authorized the building of an interurban line from Lexington to Nicholasville, a distance of 12 miles. The present interurban system extends to Paris, Georgetown, Versailles and Frankfort. The new line will hardly be completed before next spring.

### To Hold Primaries on December 1.

Henderson, Ky.—The democratic committee of the Fifth judicial district, composed of Henderson, Webster and Union counties, fixed the district primary election for Tuesday, December 1, 1908, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of circuit judge and commonwealth attorney.

### Less Liquor Tax Paid.

Frankfort, Ky.—The temperance wave has caused a slight falling off in collections in the internal revenue department of the first division of the 7th district for the fiscal year. A comparison of the collections follows: For 1906-7, \$1,856,299; for 1907-8, \$1,65,050; decrease, \$161,245.

### Formed State Body.

Louisville, Ky.—A delegation of boomers went to Eminence, where a conference on better highways was held. Former Lieut. Gov. Thorne made the address of welcome, and Gov. Willson was among the speakers. The State Good Roads association was formed.

### Want An Immigration Agent.

Frankfort, Ky.—At a meeting of the state board of agriculture, forestry and immigration here a resolution was adopted authorizing the commissioner, M. C. Rankin, to employ an immigration agent for Kentucky, at a cost not to exceed \$2,000 a year.

### Bracken Gets Her Share.

Augusta, Ky.—Equity officials here are in receipt of a check for \$49,000 in part payment for 1906 Equity tobacco shipped from this county. This makes \$93,000 sent into this county during the past two weeks in payment for Equity tobacco.

### Negro Officer Shot.

## East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

### MADISON COUNTY.

#### BIG HILL.

Big Hill, July 4.—Sunday school at this place has gone down. We are in need of a superintendent.—Miss Lucy Hayes has returned from a visit in Whitley County and will begin her school July 6.—We had a good rain July 3rd.—Farmers are laying by their corn.—Blackberries are ripening fast and the children are rushing to get thru them and get ready for school.—Bill Simpson and family are moving from Berea to Big Hill.—Mrs. James Asbury is selling recipes for canning fruit without cooking it which will be a great help in canning fruit.—Mrs. Willie Settle and family spent Sunday with Phillip Hayes and family.—Next Saturday and Sunday are the regular days for preaching at Pilot Knob church.

### OWSLEY COUNTY.

#### ISLAND CITY

Island City, July 3.—People are all thru laying by corn.—H. C. McGeorge and Mrs. Minnie McGeorge visited W. B. Roberts Saturday and Sunday.—Daniel Bowman and wife of Berea, are visiting their old friends and relatives at this place.—Albert Bowman filled his regular appointment at Walnut Grove Sunday with a large attendance.—Robert Wood of Jackson County was in Island Creek Sunday.—Mr. Adams organized a Sunday School at Oak Grove with a large attendance. Everybody seems to appreciate Mr. Adams.

### CLAY COUNTY.

#### SEXTON'S CREEK

Sexton's Creek, July 4.—School will begin at Salyer's on the 10th.—H. D. G. Wood of Jackson County, teacher.—Wm. Seward of Island City, is quite blacksmithing and is now clerk for Mrs. Julia Campbell.—W. N. Burch and wife went to Burning Springs Wednesday to have some dental work done.—Charley Sexton's little son, Jimmie, died Tuesday evening. His remains were laid to rest at the old burying ground at Nathan Hunter's. The funeral ceremony was performed by the Woodmen.—Blevins Hudson who has been ill for quite a while with rheumatism is out again.—J. H. Sandlin went to Manchester Wednesday on business.—Mrs. Ellen Burch and little son, Noah are visiting Mrs. Rhoda Edwards of Gray Hawk, this week.—Sam Taylor and wife paid him a visit Saturday accompanied by W. N. Burch and family.—The public school will begin at this place the 20th.—G. W. Hunter is at work for the saw and lumber company located at Crestaburg—Sunday school is moving nicely here.

### ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

#### DISTRICTA

Districta, July 3.—We have had lots of rain in this part of the neighborhood.—Rev. J. W. Lambert filled his regular appointment at Clear Creek Saturday and Sunday.—Born to the wife of Mr. Ilston Rowles, a fine boy, July 1.—Misses Myrtle and Bertha Rowlett visited Mrs. Samuel Croucher Sunday evening.—Nora Hammond gave the young folks a social Saturday. All reported a fine time.—Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Abney visited Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Owens Saturday night.—Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Gadd visited Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Miller Saturday night.—Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Abney visited their daughter, Mrs. O. M. Payne Sunday.—Mrs. Sis Croucher who is low with consumption is no better.—Mr. Ben T. McQueen who had his leg amputated some time ago is not expected to live but a short time.—Harvey Miller of Berea visited Mace Miller of this place.

### GOOCHLAND.

Goochland, July 4.—Rev. Dillard Parker preached to a large crowd at Pleasant Hill Sunday night.—John W. Phillips is again on the mail route from Goochland to Livingston.—John W. Cox will begin his school Monday.—John C. Phillips attended court at Mt. Vernon last week.—Wm. Jones was at Sand Gap Wednesday and Thursday on business.—Sheep buyers are all the go in this part.—Dr. Jones will preach at Sycamore Sunday.—John Abram has been cutting James Cox's grass.—J. L. Jones and wife attended church at Pine Grove Sunday, conducted by Rev. Fasco of Berea.—Elmer Isaacs of Morris Valley, was in town Friday.—Drummer John Lear of Middlefork is a steady visitor in our town.—J. W. Phillips has accepted a position traveling for a grocery house in Cincinnati.—Richard Will was visiting near Climax last week.—John W. Johnson has bought a mowing machine.—Hauling

in this part is almost a thing of the past.

### ROBINET.

Robinet, July 4.—Ike Harrison has sold his property to John Mullins and Martin.—Milt Carpenter and Sid Martin were in Livingston Friday.—J. W. and Grann Carpenter of Danico, attended the Masonic Lodge at Livingston last Saturday night.—Mrs. Donie Harrison is visiting home folks this week.—Lafayette Smith of Danico was found last Friday with two blocks of coal tied around his neck and was almost drowned when found by his grand-daughter.—Mary Carpenter who has been shot is getting along very well.

### CLIMAX.

Climax, July 3.—Mrs. Peter Leger departed this life a few days ago. Her remains were laid to rest near the home in the Durhau graveyard.—Death also visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Mullins and took away their infant child. Their home is in Bell, Idaho. The corpse was brought to the home graveyard.

### GATES.

Gates, July 7.—Quite a crowd attended church at Redhill Sunday.—The Rev. C. C. Wilson, in conducting a series of meetings at Redhill this week, Everybody seems interested.

Ava and May Brummett of Corbin are spending this week with their uncle F. M. Pold.—Mrs. S. S. McCollum is here from Livington with relatives for a few days.—Elmer McDonald of Clay County is visiting his mother for a while.—The Rev. J. H. Williams in Newell July 10th.—Pender is here.

### WITHEES.

Withees, July 7.—Mrs. C. A. Mrs. Mary Lutzell and Miss Lulu Kunkel of Louisville are visiting friends and relatives during the holidays.—Mr. Harvey Curry is very low.—Mr. W. H. Singleton and his sister Mrs. Hallie are visiting friends in Hamilton, O., this week.—The Odd Fellows of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 13 gave a supper to the members and their lady friends last Saturday night and all reported a nice time.—Miss Pearl Mullins has just returned from Louisville where she was operated on for appendicitis. She is getting along all right and will soon be well again.—Rev. Wilson the Evangelist is holding protracted meetings at Redhill this week. He seems to be a very able preacher, and everybody likes to hear him.—Mrs. W. S. Suttles has just returned from a visit to her mother of Cincinnati.—Miss Ida Millings began her school Monday with a good attendance in spite of those who will have to finish their corn and pick berries.—Fred Mullins the junior member of the firm of E. Mullins and Son has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Jarvis Brown of Levelgreen. He bought a Fisher buggy while he was gone.—Miss Delama Stalsworth has returned home from an extended visit with her grandparents and friends.—The Christian church has employed Rev. Jas. Lundford to preach there the rest of the year.—Mrs. T. C. Nixon is visiting her brother at Blanchard, this week.—W. L. Dole was in Mt. Vernon this week on business.—Mr. Arch Mullins and several of the other employees of the L. & N. R. R. Company who were laid off at the beginning of the panic have resumed their positions as trueman and business seems to be flourishing.—We are having plenty of rain and everything is growing fine. The small potatoes are few in a hill this season as the big ones have crowded them out.

### JACKSON COUNTY.

#### McKEE

McKee, July 6.—A good rain fell here last Friday afternoon. The first in almost a month.—Prof. Ratne of Berea, passed thru here last week enroute to Owsley County.—Willie Lainhart who has been down with typhoid fever is able to sit up again.—D. G. Collier and wife visited at Berea last week.—Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Minter visited at Greenhall Saturday attending church at Canons Chapel Sunday.—H. F. Minter has a grain mill in operation at McKee.—Mr. Messler is making an addition to the academy near the Academy.—Sunday School and preaching at the Academy every Sunday morning.—There seems to be an abundance of blackberries about here. They are beginning to ripen.—Old Uncle John Farmer celebrated his ninety-sixth birthday last Tuesday, June 30th. He is almost blind and lies in bed most of the time.

### HURLEY

Hurley July 3.—We have been having some fine showers and corn is growing rapidly.—Norus, the little infant of Wiley Hurley is very sick.—Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Gabbard and others attended church at Bethel Saturday and Sunday.—Services will be held at this place Sunday at 3 p. m.—Mrs. Louis and Letta Gabbard were the welcome guests of Mrs. L. J. Cole Friday.—Mrs. Pearlie Gabbard is still reported very poorly.—Messrs. J. G. and W. R. Gabbard commenced carrying the mail Wednesday.—Miss Luisa Gabbard visited at B. H. Coles' Sunday night.

### PARROT.

Parrot, July 6.—James M. Cole of Middlefork was in our midst Friday.—Bert McDowell made a trip to East Bernstadt after goods Saturday.—J. H. Hundley, Enoch Sparkman and John Croft went to Altamont Saturday to load tics.—Edward Watham has gone to the railroad to work.—H. J. Gabbard was in town Saturday.—We had good rain here Friday.—Wm. McCollum, Green McCollum and Jake Morris were in our midst this week.—The farmers here are all busy mowing grass.—Born to the wife of Elijah Gabbard a fine boy.—William Hundley is on Moores Creek this week.—Wm. Cunigan made a business trip to the lower end of this county this week.—Wm. and Isaac Morris were here Sunday.—Fred Cornelius was here from Iowa, Laurel County this week.—O. Cornelius will teach our school again this year.—Laura Isaacs passed through here Sunday to the Old Bend school house to begin her first school.

### SAND GAP.

Sand Gap, July 6.—We are very thankful for the few nice showers we are having of late, for this vicinity has had the draught for some time and gardens and many other things were becoming ruined due to lack of rain.—Most all the farmers are turning lay by corn and are ready for something else.—Many attended the meeting last night at the place Sunday services were conducted by Rev. G. V. Clegg and Edward Pittman.—Meeting closed with a service in the church by the person of Jas. H. Lewis of Cooper Bottom.—James Dillier and Robert Clark have at last completed their long and painful climb.

### MIDDLEFORK

Middlefork, July 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Green Lake of Evergreen visited friends and relatives at this place Saturday and Sunday.—Services were held at this place by Rev. Jas. Parker Saturday and Sunday.—Miss Laura Isaacs will begin her school at Old Bend July 8th.—Dale Wilson traded Frank Cole a heifer to a cow and calf and gave \$10 to boot.—Mr. George Langford brought his singing class from Parrot over to this place Sunday and did some nice singing.—Mr. J. W. Angel made a business trip to Raccoon Monday.—Mr. Ov. Tussay is no better.—Mr. Cleveland Holt of Hugo has been visiting friends and relatives at this place for a few days.—Mrs. Sarah Pruitt is slowly improving.—Mr. Bill Lester has gone into the stave hauling business.—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Carpenter who have been visiting at this place for two weeks returned home Monday.—Lige Angel was at Lester Forday on business.—Mr. Matt Summers and several others of Panther Branch attended church at this place Sunday.—Old Aunt Lavina Faukus is improving.

### ANNVILLE

Annnville, July 6.—Messrs. Pleas and William Isaacs were in Berea Thursday and Friday of last week on business.—Several from McKee attended the Masonic Lodge here last Saturday.—Miss Polly Castell visited her sister, Mrs. Robert Davis at Moores last week. Mrs. Davis is in very poor health.—Mr. J. R. Hays was a pleasant caller at the home of J. Medlock Saturday evening.—Dr. A. T. Neal and wife spent yesterday at the home of Mr. Sam Davidson near Welchburg.—Mr. Andrew Isaacs of Berea came up last week and spent a few days with home folks.—Miss Naomi Akeman Saturday night.—Miss Mattie Medlock and Mrs. Moille Webb spent the evening last Tuesday with Mrs. Lizzie Ison who continues very poorly.—Mr. A. R. Johnson went to Perry County last week on a visit to relatives and friends.—Mr. Leonard Medlock went to Horse Lick last Tuesday where he will begin to teach July 13.—All the boys around are having good success in getting schools.—We had a good shower last Friday which was badly needed in this part.

### GREEN HALL

Greenhall, July 3.—The Hickory Flat school will begin Monday, July 13th. Geo. M. Moore will be teacher.—R. M. Flaney and Silas Flaney went to Beattyville yesterday to be at the burial of Arch McGuire.—The singing school at Canons Chapel is getting along nicely with Prof. J. A. Hunter as teacher.—We are having some very dry weather and corn is looking bad. The oat crop is almost

a total failure, caused by red rust.—Preaching every Thursday night at Canons Chapel by Rev. Harvey Johnson.—We hear of some cases of hog cholera. Owners of hogs will do well to feed their hogs a few spoonfuls of International Stock Food every day, as it will help the cholera out of your herd.—Wm. Hartsook had many indictments made against him for selling whisky at the session of the Owsley County court. We learn that he has left the county.—M. L. Clark & Sons exhibited their big wagon show at the Jackson County Bargain Store June 18 with about two thousand and people present.—It is reported that Rev. Moores is to be in this district soon to try to build up a good school. Everyone should lend a helping hand in this good work.—Albert Hoskins has just returned from a visit to London and informs us that he will move there soon.—Hannie Gibson is now manager of Wm. Flaney's steam mill and is grinding every Tuesday and Friday.

### ETHEL.

Ethel, July 2.—The farmers are all busy laying by corn in this part.—Mrs. Susan Smith is visiting her sick sister in Laurel County a few days this week.—Mrs. Dora Messer visited Mrs. Jas. Smith Sunday.—Mr. Ira Wells and wife were immersed and several others participated in meeting here the third Sunday in June. We had a good meeting with large attendance.—Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Marean visited Mr. and Mrs. T. S. G. Rice Sunday.—Mrs. Julia and Lizzie Ferguson were the welcome guests of Mary and Henry Rice Thursday night.—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Bingham visited his father and mother Mr. and Mrs. John Bingham, Saturday and Sunday.—Mr. and Mrs. John Davis of Magoffin visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Davis Sunday and Sunday.—Mr. and Mrs. J. McAlister and daughter Alice and her daughter, Mrs. Estelle R. Salyer.—Mr. James Lovman of this place was killed by a mule Saturday.

urday but we hope he will soon recover.—John Q. Rice who has been on the sick list is improving.—Mr. Henry Sandlin lost a fine saddle mare one day last week and left a young colt two months old.—Corn crops are looking well.—Miss Leova Rice was the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. R. J. Metcalf Saturday night.—Born to the wife of Mr. Nell King a fine boy.—The candidates of Jackson County are numberless as the sands of the sea.—Little Ella Rice visited her Aunt Angeline and Alice Messer last Tuesday.—Mr. Wm. Carter made a business trip to Welchburg one day last week.—Mary and Henry Rice were the guests of Misses Julia and Lizzie Ferguson Saturday night and all attended singing at Mt. Olive Sunday.

### IDEAS

Sin is like a hole in a stocking; the more you wear it the larger it becomes.

Take time to grind your jackknife; many farmers carry awfully dull knives in their pockets.

Many workers are not satisfied on the road to success. They grumble because it is not a pike.

Many a farmer has lifted on the mortise until his back hurts—and then was obliged to keep on lifting just the same.

Make that boy a working partner. That is, give him some chores, however small, in the rewards of intelligent husbandry.

Pav as you go. More than one ship has been sunk by the nibbling of a rat last no store-bill rat nibbles at the bottom of your home craft.

Hay is arrangements ready for doing chores. After one does a long hard day's work, one likes to let the horses do as much as possible.

If the hay needs ventilation it does open the doors and

windows at night, not in the daytime; have screens to keep out cats, rats and other intruders.

Stir the earth. Remember that as agitation is the death of all political wrongs, so it is the death of weeds. Man never devised a more useful implement than the hoe in its various forms.

Your greatest aid in the harvest is your faithful team. See to it that your horses are not pestered by flies and that they are properly fed and watered. They have well earned humane treatment.

I knew a piece of land that has been made to produce more than three times as much hay as it did a few years ago, just by top-dressing the land every year after baying. Try a little bit that way and see if it does not work well with you.—E. L. V.

When the day is particularly hot and trying, and things seem to go at cross purposes, think of something pleasant. Just draw a mental picture of the after-harvest outing that you and your good wife and your boys and girls are going to have. Remember that love sweetens labor.

A small hole under a stone or in a bank can sometimes turn out a good red crop of yellow jackets in a mighty short time. A quick retreat is in order.

## Good Home in Berea For Sale

A five room cottage, two porches, large well shaped lot with a well improved house located on Chestnut St. Quarters for cow horse, broodmare. Must be seen to be appreciated. A bargain if taken at once. For particulars see M. L. Spink, Berea, Ky.

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**No. 2.—The Farmers' Rapid Calculator.** A thirty-five cent book that is worth several dollars to any up-to-date farmer. It tells what you want to know about almost anything on the farm. It is a good book for the owner of a farm. It gives figures, tells you how to reckon interest if you have borrowed or loaned money, or how many bushels of corn there are in a load that weighs so much, or how to measure the corn in a crib, or in a pile, and how much seed it takes to plant acreage, or how many brick to build a chimney and lots of things of that kind. And it has places for you to keep account of your expenses and earnings, and lots of what you bought and sold, and anything else you want to remember. If you are a farmer, it is just the thing you want. The Calculator 25 cents. **The Citizen** \$1.00. Both, worth, \$1.25 for \$1.40.

**No. 3.—The National Handy Package.** Just the thing your wife has been looking for. Needles and pins of all kinds. More than a quarter's worth, but it usually sells for a quarter. We sell it with **The Citizen** for 25 cents.

**No. 4.—A book, "The Mountain People of Kentucky."** By William H. Hanes, a mountain man, telling the history and the present condition of the mountains as he sees them. The book is worth \$1.50, but we will sell it with **The Citizen** for 50 cents. The book, \$1.50, **The Citizen** \$1.00. Both, worth \$2.50 for \$2.00.

**No. 5.—Another book, "Jesus of Nazareth."** A fine life of Christ, by the Rev. Dr. William E. Barton. A fine book, in beautiful binding, with